

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	George Fourkas
DOCKET NO.:	21-04252.001-R-1
PARCEL NO .:	08-21-203-013

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are George Fourkas, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>No Change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Lake County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$6,415
IMPR.:	\$71,435
TOTAL:	\$77,850

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 2,560 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1901 and has an effective age of 1950. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, and a garage containing 252 square feet of building area. The property has an approximately 6,820 square foot site and is located in Waukegan, Waukegan Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on three comparable sales located within .26 of a mile of the subject and within the subject's assessment neighborhood. The comparables consist of two-story dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 2,212 to 2,936 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 1901 to 1930, with effective ages ranging from 1930 to 1970. Each dwelling has an unfinished basement and a garage ranging in size from 340 to 696 square

feet of building area. Two comparables each have a fireplace. The parcels range in size from 6,782 to 14,771 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from May 2019 to July 2020 for prices ranging from \$159,900 to \$210,000 or from \$70.32 to \$94.89 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced assessment of \$61,434, for an estimated market value of \$184,320 or \$72.00 per square foot of living area, including land, when applying the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$77,850. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$234,135 or \$91.46 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2021 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.25% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five comparable sales located within .47 of a mile of the subject, four of which are within the subject's assessment neighborhood. Comparable #4 is the same property as appellant comparable #3. The comparables consist of two-story dwellings of brick, wood siding, or aluminum siding exterior construction ranging in size from 2,088 to 2,451 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1846 to 1920, with three comparables having effective ages ranging from 1927 to 1970. Each dwelling has an unfinished basement, three comparables each have a fireplace, and four comparables each have a garage ranging in size from 378 to 768 square feet of building area. The parcels range in size from 6,600 to 13,440 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from July 2020 to November 2021 for prices ranging from \$185,000 to \$275,000 or from \$88.60 to \$112.20 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 III. Admin. Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales, or construction costs. 86 III. Admin. Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of seven comparable sales to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board, with one comparable being common to the parties. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1 and #2, which sold less proximate to the January 1, 2021 assessment date at issue in this appeal. The Board also gives reduced weight to board of review comparable #3, which lacks a garage when compared to the subject, and board of review comparable #5 due to its smaller dwelling in relation to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the parties' common comparable and board of review comparable sales #1 and #2, which are relatively similar to the subject in age/effective age, location, dwelling size, and some features. These most similar comparables sold for prices ranging from \$209,900 to \$275,000 or from \$94.89 to \$112.20 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$234,135 or

\$91.46 per square foot of living area, including land, which is within the range established by the best comparable sales in this record overall, and below the range on a per-square-foot basis. Based on this evidence and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:**

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

November 21, 2023

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

George Fourkas, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 13975 W. Polo Trail Drive #201 Lake Forest, IL 60045

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085