

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Neil Harris

DOCKET NO.: 21-03191.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 16-16-204-010

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Neil Harris, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago, and the Lake County Board of Review.¹

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$56,298 **IMPR.:** \$108,293 **TOTAL:** \$164,591

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick and wood siding exterior construction with 2,472 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1978 and is 43 years old. Features of the home include a slab foundation, central air conditioning, one fireplace and a garage with 462 square feet of building area. The property has a 14,697 square foot site and is located in Highland Park, West Deerfield Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four comparable sales located within .20 miles from the subject property. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 12,776 to 14,731 square feet of land area and are improved with two-story dwellings of brick exterior construction with each

¹ The parties agreed to forgo the scheduled virtual hearing on this case and have the Board issue a decision based on the evidence in the record.

having 2,451 or 2,745 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 37 to 44 years old. Each comparable is reported to have a slab foundation. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one fireplace and a garage with 441 or 462 square feet of building area. The comparables sold from June 2019 to February 2021 for prices ranging from \$385,000 to \$470,000 or from \$157.08 to \$179.52 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$164,591. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$493,822 or \$199.77 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on five comparable sales located within .69 miles from the subject property. Three comparables are reported to have sites ranging in size from 8,250 to 16,550 square feet of land area. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of wood siding or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 2,236 to 2,862 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1963 to 1995. Two comparables are reported to have basements with one comparable having finished area. Three comparables are reported to have crawl space or slab foundations. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one fireplace and a garage that ranges in size from 441 to 529 square feet of building area. The properties sold from April 2020 to December 2021 for prices ranging from \$483,000 to \$660,000 or from \$209.29 to \$269.28 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of nine suggested comparable sales for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparable sales #3 and #4 which sold over 16 months prior to the January 1, 2021 assessment date and were less likely to be reflective of market value. The Board gives less weight to board of review comparables #3, #4 and #5 which are less similar to the subject in age and/or dwelling size when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be appellant's comparables #1 and #2 as well as board of review comparables #1 and #2 which sold proximate in time to the assessment date at issue and are similar to the subject in location, age, dwelling size, and features. These comparables sold from April 2020 to July 2021 for prices ranging from \$385,000 to \$660,000 or from \$157.08 to \$269.28 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$493,822 or \$199.77 per square foot of living area, including land, which is within the range established by the best comparable sales in the record. Therefore, after

considering adjustments to the best comparable sales for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment is supported and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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a de R	Robert Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan De Kinin	Swan Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	December 20, 2022
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	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085