

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Douglas Zwiener DOCKET NO.: 21-03120.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 14-31-307-006

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Douglas Zwiener, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$46,045 **IMPR.:** \$134,617 **TOTAL:** \$180,662

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

#### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

#### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of brick and wood siding exterior construction with 2,838 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1966. Features of the home include a 1,142 square foot unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace and a 484 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 24,200 square foot site and is located in Barrington, Ela Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity, with respect to the improvement assessment, as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables<sup>1</sup> that are located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The appellant provided two grid analyses with the same four comparables #1 through #4, where the second grid contains an additional comparable #5 that was marked out by the appellant and thus will not be considered in this appeal by the Board.

and within .57 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of brick or brick and frame exterior construction that range in size from 2,616 to 3,321 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1967 to 1971. Each comparable has from a 1,314 to 1,524 square foot unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 462 to 616 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$107,834 to \$142,153 or from \$41.22 to \$43.68 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$121,274 or \$42.73 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$180,662. The subject has an improvement assessment of \$134,617 or \$47.43 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on five equity comparables that are located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and within .23 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of brick exterior construction that range in size from 2,760 to 2,938 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1966 to 1969. Each comparable has from a 654 to 1,469 square foot unfinished basement with two having walkouts, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 484 to 616 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$124,312 to \$151,393 or from \$45.04 to \$51.58 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments, for the assessment year in question, of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted nine equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1 and #3 which have considerably lower improvement assessments that appear to be outliers relative to other comparables in the record. The Board also gives less weight to appellant comparable #2 and board of review comparables #1, #2 and #5 due to differences in dwelling size, basement size and/or dissimilar walkout style basements when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be appellant comparable #4 and board of review comparables #3 and #4 which are overall more similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, age, and other features. These three comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$136,886 to \$138,015 or from \$43.68 to \$49.52 per square foot of living area.

The subject's improvement assessment of \$134,617 or \$47.43 per square foot of living area falls below the range established by the best comparables in this record on an overall basis but within the range on a per-square-foot basis. After considering appropriate adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
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Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

# **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	January 16, 2024
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

# **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

# PARTIES OF RECORD

### **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

### **APPELLANT**

Douglas Zwiener, by attorney: Robert Rosenfeld Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC 40 Skokie Blvd Suite 150 Northbrook, IL 60062

# **COUNTY**

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085