

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	Gisella Lamberti
DOCKET NO.:	21-02927.001-R-1
PARCEL NO .:	16-34-111-001

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Gisella Lamberti, the appellant, by attorney Abby L. Strauss, of Schiller Law P.C. in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>No Change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Lake County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$91,530
IMPR.:	\$123,798
TOTAL:	\$215,328

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 1.5-story dwelling of brick and wood siding exterior construction with 2,950 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1965. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a garage containing 704 square feet of building area. The property has a 17,410 square foot site and is located in Deerfield, Moraine Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four comparable sales located within .27 of a mile of the subject and within the subject's assessment neighborhood. The comparables consist of 2-story dwellings of brick or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 2,794 to 3,294 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 1964 to 1966, with comparables #3 and #4 having effective ages of 1965 and 1977, respectively. Each dwelling has central air

conditioning, a fireplace, a basement with three having finished area, and a garage ranging in size from 462 to 552 square feet of building area. The parcels range in size from 13,520 to 20,920 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from July 2019 to October 2020 for prices ranging from \$503,500 to \$692,000 or from \$180.21 to \$210.08 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced assessment of \$195,939, for an estimated market value of \$587,876 or \$199.28 per square foot of living area, including land, when applying the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$215,328. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$647,603 or \$219.53 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2021 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.25% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales located within .42 of a mile of the subject and within the subject's assessment neighborhood. The comparables consist of 2-story dwellings of brick, wood siding, or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 2,542 to 3,048 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1964 to 1967, with effective ages ranging from 1965 to 1985. Each dwelling has central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces, a basement with three having finished area, and a garage ranging in size from 462 to 517 square feet of building area. The parcels range in size from 11,450 to 27,330 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from January to November 2021 for prices ranging from \$735,000 to \$800,000 or from \$252.40 to \$314.71 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 III. Admin. Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales, or construction costs. 86 III. Admin. Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of eight comparable sales to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparable #1, which sold less proximate to the January 1, 2021 valuation date at issue in this appeal. The Board also gives reduced weight to board of review comparables #2 and #4, which differ from the subject in effective age.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be appellant's comparable sales #2 through #4 and board of review comparable sales #1 and #3, which sold proximate to the valuation date at issue and are similar to the subject in age/effective age, location, dwelling size, and some features. These most similar comparables sold for prices ranging from \$650,000 to \$785,000 or from \$198.78 to \$257.55 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$647,603 or \$219.53 per square foot of living area, including land,

which is within the range established by the best comparable sales in this record on a per-squarefoot basis and below the range overall. Based on this evidence and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified. This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:**

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

October 17, 2023

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Gisella Lamberti, by attorney: Abby L. Strauss Schiller Law P.C. 33 North Dearborn Suite 1130 Chicago, IL 60602

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085