

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: George Kohl DOCKET NO.: 21-02866.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 14-27-304-008

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are George Kohl, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$46,326 **IMPR.:** \$102,016 **TOTAL:** \$148,342

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

#### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

#### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of frame exterior construction with 2,753 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1974. Features of the home include a basement, central air conditioning, two fireplaces and a 600 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 68,913 square foot site and is located in Kildeer, Ela Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located within .59 of a mile from the subject property and have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of frame or frame and brick exterior construction that range in size from 2,444 to

3,024 square feet of living area.<sup>1</sup> The dwellings were built from 1960 to 1981. Each comparable has a basement with one having a walkout style, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 440 to 850 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$57,896 to \$105,650 or from \$22.39 to \$35.71 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$148,342. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$102,016 or \$37.06 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on six equity comparables located within .56 of a mile from the subject property and have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of brick and frame exterior construction that range in size from 2,485 to 2,744 square feet of living area. The comparables were built from 1959 to 1978. Each comparable has a basement, one of which is a look out style, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 552 to 736 square feet of building area. Comparable #6 has an inground swimming pool. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$100,440 to \$107,270 or from \$37.37 to \$43.17 per square foot of living area.

## **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted ten equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparable #1 which appears to be an outlier with its considerably lower improvement assessment relative to the other comparables in the record. The Board also gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #2 and #4 along with board of review comparables #1 and #6 due to their older aged dwellings, dissimilar walkout or lookout style basements, and/or presence of an inground swimming pool when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the parties' remaining comparables which are relatively similar to the subject in location, age, dwelling size, foundation and some features. These comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$100,440 to \$106,993 or from \$34.94 to \$41.96 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$102,016 or \$37.06 per square foot of living area falls within the range established

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Notes on Appeal form submitted by the board of review included a notation that three of the appellant's comparables have different house types but did not provide any supportive evidence regarding this assertion.

by the best comparables in the record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
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Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

## **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	November 21, 2023
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	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

## PARTIES OF RECORD

### **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

### **APPELLANT**

George Kohl, by attorney: Robert Rosenfeld Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC 33 North Dearborn Street Suite 1850 Chicago, IL 60602

## **COUNTY**

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085