

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Patricia Andjelkovich DOCKET NO.: 21-02498.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 15-14-205-017

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Patricia Andjelkovich, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>A Reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$82,493 **IMPR.:** \$220,304 **TOTAL:** \$302,797

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of brick construction with 4,442 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1991 and is approximately 30 years old. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a 713 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 45,711 square foot site and is located in Lincolnshire, Vernon Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables with the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property and located within 0.51 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of brick or brick and wood siding exterior construction that range in size from 3,912 to 4,757 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 27 to 43. Each comparable has an

unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one or three fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 528 to 768 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$185,500 to \$222,954 or from \$46.59 to \$47.81 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment to \$209,284 or \$47.11 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$310,184. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$227,691 or \$51.26 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on five comparable properties with the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property and located within 0.36 of a mile from the subject. Board of review comparable #1 is the same property as the appellant's comparable #3. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of brick or brick and wood siding exterior construction that range in size from 3,786 to 4,757 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1987 to 1994 and thus range in age from 27 to 34 years old. Comparable #3 built in 1987 has an effective year built of 1989. Each comparable has an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, from one to three fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 638 to 1,080 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$202,475 to \$222,954 or from \$46.87 to \$53.48 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted a total of eight equity comparables for the Board's consideration, which includes the parties' common comparable. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1, #2 and #4 as well as board of review's comparable #4 which are less similar in age or dwelling size when compared to the subject and the other comparables in this record.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the parties' remaining comparables, which includes the common comparable. These comparables are similar to the subject in location, design, age, dwelling size, and most features. The best comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$202,914 to \$222,954 or from \$46.87 to \$50.86 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$227,691 or \$51.26 per square foot of living area falls above the range established by the best comparables in the record on a total improvement assessment basis but within the range on a per square foot basis and is found to be excessive by the Board. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best

comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is not justified and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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| | Chairman |
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| Dan De Kinin | Sarah Bokley |
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| DISSENTING: | |

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

| Date: | ate: August 22, 2023 | |
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| | Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board | |

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

IMPORTANT NOTICE

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Patricia Andjelkovich, by attorney: Robert Rosenfeld Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC 33 North Dearborn Street Suite 1850 Chicago, IL 60602

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085