

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Howard Kogen
DOCKET NO.: 21-02000.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 16-34-112-019

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Howard Kogen, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$81,277 **IMPR.:** \$166,059 **TOTAL:** \$247,336

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property is improved with a 2-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 4,280 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1978 and is approximately 43 years old. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a garage with 616 square feet of building area. The subject property also has an 800 square foot inground swimming pool.<sup>1</sup> The property has a site with approximately 23,117 square feet of land area and is located in Highland Park, Moraine Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The property record card submitted by the board of review indicates the subject has an inground swimming pool which was not disclosed by the appellant.

within 0.57 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of brick or wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 3,732 to 4,320 square feet of living area. Each comparable has a basement with two having finished area, central air conditioning, one or three fireplaces, and a garage that ranges in size from 378 to 704 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$135,270 to \$158,365 or from \$34.45 to \$37.24 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$154,294 or \$36.05 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$247,336. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$166,059 or \$38.80 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property and within 0.50 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of brick, wood siding, or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 3,703 to 4,640 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 1977 to 1980 and thus would range in age from approximately 41 to 44 years old. Each comparable has an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces, and a garage that ranges in size from 506 to 962 square feet of building area. Comparables #2 and #4 each have an inground swimming pool. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$145,226 to \$184,226 or from \$39.22 to \$40.09 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

## **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted information on nine comparables to support their respective positions. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables as well as board of review comparable #5 due to differences in age, dwelling size, and/or basement finish when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the four remaining board of review comparables which are similar to the subject in location, design, age, dwelling size, and features with the exception that two of these comparables each lack an inground swimming pool, which is a feature of the subject property. These comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$155,470 to \$184,226 or from \$39.70 to \$40.09 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$166,059 or \$38.80 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record and

after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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<del></del>	Chairman
a R	Robert Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan De Kinin	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

# **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	November 21, 2023	
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	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board	

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

**IMPORTANT NOTICE** 

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

# PARTIES OF RECORD

### **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

### **APPELLANT**

Howard Kogen, by attorney: Robert Rosenfeld Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC 33 North Dearborn Street Suite 1850 Chicago, IL 60602

# **COUNTY**

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085