



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Tracy Sodman
DOCKET NO.: 21-01558.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 02-08-306-053

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Tracy Sodman, the appellant, by attorney Gregory Riggs, of Tax Appeals Lake County in Lake Zurich; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$5,618
IMPR.: \$49,637
TOTAL: \$55,255

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 2,020 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1950. Features of the home include a concrete slab foundation and a 576 square foot garage. The property has a 6,950 square foot site and is located in Antioch, Antioch Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on three comparable sales located within 0.32 of a mile from the subject. The parcels range in size from 7,410 to 11,860 square feet of land area and are improved with 2-story homes of wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 1,636 to 2,493 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built in 1950 or 1960. Each home has a basement, one of which has finished area. One home has central air conditioning and two homes each have a 528 or a 576 square foot garage. The comparables sold from September 2019 to

November 2020 for prices ranging from \$90,000 to \$171,000 or from \$55.01 to \$87.96 per square foot of living area, including land.

Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$55,255. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$166,180 or \$82.27 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2021 three year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.25% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five comparable sales located within 0.27 of a mile from the subject, together with a map depicting the locations of these comparables in relation to the subject. Comparable #2 is the same property as the appellant's comparable #2. The parcels range in size from 6,672 to 12,000 square feet of land area and are improved with 1.5-story or 2-story homes of wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 1,644 to 2,458 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built in 1950 or 1960 with comparable #1 having an effective age of 1985. Each home has a basement, two of which have finished area, and a garage ranging in size from 308 to 576 square feet of building area. Three homes have central air conditioning and one home has a fireplace. The comparables sold from August 2019 to November 2021 for prices ranging from \$163,000 to \$201,500 or from \$81.37 to \$110.96 per square foot of living area, including land.

The board of review submitted a brief contending that the appellant's comparable #1 was not advertised for sale as described in the Real Estate Transfer Declaration for this sale presented by the board of review, and the appellant's comparable #3 had condition issues as described in its listing sheet presented by the board of review.

Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of seven comparable sales, with one common sale, for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1 and #3 and the board of review's comparables #1 and #4, which sold less proximate in time to the assessment date than the other comparables in this record and/or which differ substantially from the subject in dwelling size. Moreover, the board of review presented evidence that the appellant's comparable #1 was not an arm's length sale, which was not refuted by the appellant in written rebuttal.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the appellant's comparable #2/board of review's comparable #2 and the board of review's comparables #3 and #5, which sold more proximate in time to the assessment date and are similar to the subject in dwelling size, age, and location, but have varying degrees of similarity to the subject in lot size and features. These most similar comparables sold for prices ranging from \$171,000 to \$201,500 or from \$87.96 to \$110.96 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$166,180 or \$82.27 per square foot of living area, including land, which is below the range established by the best comparable sales in this record. Based on this evidence and after considering appropriate adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

August 22, 2023



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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