

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	Carol Salk
DOCKET NO .:	21-00372.001-R-1
PARCEL NO .:	16-36-306-013

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Carol Salk, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>No Change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Lake County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$69,076
IMPR.:	\$115,148
TOTAL:	\$184,224

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 2,429 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1963 and is approximately 58 years old. Features of the home include a basement with finished area,<sup>1</sup> central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a garage containing 550 square feet of building area. The property has an approximately 11,880 square foot site and is located in Highland Park, Moraine Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with regard to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located within .54 of a mile of the subject and within the subject's assessment

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The board of review submitted the subject's Multiple Listing Service sheet which indicates the subject has finished basement area.

neighborhood. The comparables consist of one-story dwellings of wood siding or brick exterior construction ranging in size from 2,449 to 2,600 square feet of living area. The homes are 57 to 70 years old. Each dwelling has central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a garage containing either 462 or 552 square feet of building area. One comparable has an unfinished basement and three comparables are reported to have concrete slab foundations. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$99,782 to \$107,498 or from \$40.49 to \$42.59 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced improvement assessment of \$100,014 or \$41.17 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$184,224. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$115,148 or \$47.41 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five equity comparables located within .33 of a mile of the subject and within the subject's assessment neighborhood. The comparables consist of one-story dwellings of brick, wood siding, or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 2,362 to 2,529 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 1964 to 1974, with comparables #1 and #5 having effective ages of 1983 and 1982, respectively. Each dwelling has central air conditioning, a basement with three having finished area, and a garage ranging in size from 462 to 552 square feet of building area. Four comparables each have a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$119,231 to \$137,129 or from \$47.18 to \$58.06 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

## **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity, and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of nine equity comparables to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board has given reduced weight to the appellant's comparables due to differences in foundation or basement finish when compared to the subject. The Board also gives reduced weight to board of review comparables #1, #4, and #5 due to differences from the subject in effective age and/or basement finish.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be board of review comparables #2 and #3, which are similar to the subject in age, location, dwelling size, and features. These comparables have improvement assessments of \$119,231 and \$121,701 or \$49.43 and \$51.03 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$115,148 or \$47.41 per square foot of living area falls below the best comparables in this record. Based on this record

and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified. This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:** 

## CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

July 18, 2023

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

# **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

# PARTIES OF RECORD

## AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

## APPELLANT

Carol Salk, by attorney: Robert Rosenfeld Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC 33 North Dearborn Street Suite 1850 Chicago, IL 60602

## COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085