

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Steve Magurany
DOCKET NO.: 20-45276.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 31-01-216-012-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Steve Magurany, the appellant, by attorney Eric Feldman, of Eric Feldman & Assoc. P.C. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$5,885 **IMPR.:** \$20,746 **TOTAL:** \$26,631

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of frame and masonry exterior construction with 3,269 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 67 years old. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace and a 3-car garage. The property has a 16,815 square foot site and is located in Flossmoor, Rich Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-06 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted four equity comparables that are located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables are improved with class 2-06, 2-story dwellings of masonry or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 3,041 to 3,460 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 65 to 74 years old. Each comparable has a basement, one with finished area, central air conditioning, and either a 1.5-car or 2-car garage. Two comparables each have one fireplace

and comparable #3 has an unfinished attic. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$16,719 to \$19,473 or from \$5.18 to \$5.88 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$18,372 or \$5.62 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$26,631. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$20,746 or \$6.35 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables are improved with class 2-06, 2-story dwellings of frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,643 to 3,106 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 46 to 69 years old. Three comparables each have an unfinished basement and one comparable has a concrete-slab foundation. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and either a 1.5-car or 2-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$17,077 to \$20,336 or from \$6.46 to \$6.69 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains eight suggested equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board has given less weight to the appellant's comparable #3 due to its basement finished area, a feature the subject lacks. The Board gave reduced weight to board of review comparables #1, #3 and #4 due to their smaller dwelling sizes when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be appellant's comparables #1, #2 and #4 along with board of review comparable #2. The Board finds that these comparables are most similar to the subject in location, design, dwelling size, age, and some features. These most similar comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$16,719 to \$20,336 or from \$5.18 to \$6.55 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$20,746 or \$6.35 per square foot of living area, falls within the range on a per square foot basis but slightly above the range on an overall total assessment basis, which appears to be supported given the subject's 3-car garage. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman	
R	Robert Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan De Kinin	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING: <u>CERTIFICATION</u>	

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: June 18, 2024

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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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