



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Steven Marks  
DOCKET NO.: 20-35896.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 29-32-307-068-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Steven Marks, the appellant, by attorney Noah J. Schmidt, of Schmidt Salzman & Moran, Ltd. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$3,491  
**IMPR.:** \$23,077  
**TOTAL:** \$26,568

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property is improved with a 2-story dwelling of frame exterior construction with 2,895 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 24 years old. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a 2-car garage. The property has a 9,975 square foot site and is located in Homewood, Thornton Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-78 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant, through counsel, marked contention of law and lack of assessment equity concerning the improvement as the bases of the appeal. However, the counsel's brief is the same as the inequity argument, uniformity of assessment. In support of the inequity argument, the appellant submitted information on five equity comparables located in the same neighborhood code as the subject. For clarity in the record, the single comparable on the second grid was

renumbered #5. The comparables are improved with 2-story, class 2-78 dwellings of frame or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,788 to 3,166 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 28 to 60 years old. Four comparables each have an unfinished basement and one comparable has a concrete slab foundation. Each comparable has central air conditioning and from a 1.5-car to a 2.5-car garage. Four comparables each have a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$13,768 to \$20,510 or from \$4.79 to \$7.20 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$26,568. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$23,077 or \$7.97 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables with the same neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story, class 2-78 buildings of frame or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,264 to 2,716 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 27 to 53 years old. Each comparable has an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, and a 2-car garage. Three comparable each have a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$20,128 to \$22,366 or from \$8.23 to \$9.65 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted nine suggested equity comparables to the Board for consideration. The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables #2 and #3 as well as board of review comparable #1 which are similar to the subject in location, design, age, dwelling size, and features. These three comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$15,463 to \$22,366 or from \$5.36 to \$8.23 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$23,077 or \$7.97 per square foot of living area falls above the range established by the best comparables on an overall basis but within on a per square foot basis. The subject's higher overall improvement assessment is logical considering its newer age. The Board gives less weight to the parties' remaining comparables due to differences in foundation type, dwelling size, and/or age when compared to the subject. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment based on inequity is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

July 16, 2024



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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