



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Richard Geary  
DOCKET NO.: 20-35006.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 10-32-419-024-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Richard Geary, the appellant, by attorney Mary Kate Gorman, Attorney at Law in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$8,100  
**IMPR.:** \$35,419  
**TOTAL:** \$43,519

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2019 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 1,988 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 82 years old. Features of the home include an unfinished full basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a one-car garage. The property has a 6,000 square foot site and is located in Chicago, Jefferson Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-05 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance. The appellant disclosed that the dwelling is owner-occupied.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables with the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in

size from 1,749 to 1,892 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 67 to 78 years old. Each comparable has a full basement with one having finished area, and a one-car to a two-car garage. Two comparables each have central air conditioning and three comparables each have one or two fireplaces. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$24,988 to \$26,869 or from \$13.95 to \$14.75 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's total assessment be reduced to \$36,548 with an improvement assessment of \$28,448 or \$14.31 per square foot of living area.

The Board takes judicial notice that this property was the subject matter of an appeal before the Property Tax Appeal Board the prior year under Docket Number 18-31890. In the 2018 appeal, the Property Tax Appeal Board issued a decision lowering the total assessment of the subject property to \$43,537 based on the weight of the evidence in the record.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$43,519. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$35,419 or \$17.82 per square foot of living area. The board of review further stated that 2018 was the first year of the general assessment cycle and no township equalization factor was applied by county assessment officials.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables with the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with two-story class 2-05 dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 1,715 to 1,973 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 70 to 83 years old. Each comparable has an unfinished basement, one or two fireplaces, and a one-car or a two-car garage. Three comparables each have central air conditioning. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$31,606 to \$41,704 or from \$18.43 to \$23.39 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The Board takes notice that the subject property is an owner-occupied residence that was the subject matter of an appeal before the Property Tax Appeal Board for the 2018 tax year under Docket Number 18-31890. In that appeal, the Property Tax Appeal Board issued a decision lowering the total assessment of the subject property to \$43,537 based on the weight of the evidence in the record.

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) provides in part:

If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel on which a residence occupied by the owner is situated, such reduced assessment, subject to equalization, shall remain in effect for the remainder of the general assessment period as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, unless that parcel is subsequently sold in an arm's length transaction establishing a fair cash value for the parcel that is different from the fair cash value on which the Board's assessment is based, or unless the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board is reversed or modified upon review.

The Board finds that if the 2018 decision was carried forward to the 2020 tax year pursuant to section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) this would result in an increase in assessment. The evidence disclosed that 2018 and 2020 are within the same general assessment period for Jefferson Township and the appellant's appeal form indicates the property is owner occupied. The Board further finds the board of review did not request an increase in the assessment and that the board of review's comparables indicate the subject is equitably assessed. For these reasons, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member

Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: November 22, 2022



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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