

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Debra Allegretti
DOCKET NO.: 20-25902.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 12-26-307-036-1004

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Debra Allegretti, the appellant, by attorney Scott Shudnow, of Shudnow & Shudnow, Ltd. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>A Reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$1,423 **IMPR.:** \$13,277 **TOTAL:** \$14,700

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

#### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

#### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of one condominium unit with 1,500 square feet of living area in a 10-unit, residential condominium building situated on a 10,500 square foot parcel of land. Features of the unit include: three bedrooms, two full bathrooms, a fireplace and an assigned parking space. The building is 56-years old. The subject unit has an 18.0776% ownership interest in the common elements. The property is located in River Grove, Leyden Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-99 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant asserts overvaluation in this appeal. In support of the overvaluation argument, the appellant submitted evidence disclosing that the subject property was purchased on March 10,

2021<sup>1</sup>, for a purchase price of \$147,000. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment to reflect the purchase price.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$17,178. The subject's assessment reflects a total market value of \$171,780; or \$114.52 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the Cook County Real Estate Classification Ordinance level of assessment for class 2 property of 10%.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted a condominium analysis for 2020 using sales of two units within the subject's building, one of which was the subject unit. The sales ranged in price from \$110,000 to \$147,000 and sold between March 2018 and August 2019. The sales price of each unit was added together for a total of \$257,000 and then divided by the percentage of interest in units sold (27.0469%) to arrive at a total market value for the building of \$950,201, multiplied by the percentage of ownership of the subject unit to arrive at a fair market value of \$171,773. Based on this analysis, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's current assessment. The total assessed value of the subject property was determined to be \$17,178 based on the Cook County Real Estate Classification Ordinance level of assessment for class 2 property of 10%.

In written rebuttal, appellant argued that the board of review's evidence consisted of raw, unadjusted sales data and did not challenge appellant's argument or the recent arm's-length nature of the sale and requested the assessed valuation be reduced.

## **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The Board finds that the best evidence of market value is the sale of the subject property in August 2019 for a price of \$147,000. A contemporaneous sale of the subject property between parties dealing at arms-length is practically conclusive on the issue of whether an assessment reflected the fair cash market value of the property. Gateway-Walden LLC v. Pappas, 2018 IL App (1st) 162714, ¶33. The appellant provided evidence demonstrating the sale had the elements of an arm's length transaction. The appellant completed Section IV - Recent Sale Data of the PTAB residential appeal form and disclosed that the parties to the transaction were not related, the property was sold by a realtor (Realistic Realty LLC), it had been advertised on the open market through the Multiple Listing Service, it had been on the market for approximately 177

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> While appellant filled out Section IV stating the sale took place in March 2021 the supporting documentation corroborates the August 2019 sales date utilized in the BOR's evidence. This Board finds the sale of the subject property occurred in 2019 based on the MLS listing, settlement statement and the board of review's condominium analysis.

days and was not sold pursuant to a foreclosure action. The appellant also submitted a copy of the settlement statement from the transaction and the MLS listing. The Board finds the purchase price is below the market value reflected by the assessment.

The Board finds the board of review did not present any evidence to challenge the arm's length nature of the transaction. The Board concludes that the board of review did not refute the appellant's contention that the purchase price of the subject property was reflective of market value. Based on this record the Board finds the subject property had a market value of \$147,000 as of January 1, 2020. Since market value has been determined, the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance level of assessment for class 2 property of 10% shall apply. A reduction in the subject's assessment commensurate with the appellant's request is therefore appropriate.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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DISSENTING:	

## **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	July 16, 2024
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

## PARTIES OF RECORD

#### **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

#### **APPELLANT**

Debra Allegretti, by attorney: Scott Shudnow Shudnow & Shudnow, Ltd. 77 West Washington Street Suite 1620 Chicago, IL 60602

## **COUNTY**

Cook County Board of Review County Building, Room 601 118 North Clark Street Chicago, IL 60602