



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Tove & Ivan Moe (Tove Milosevic Trust)  
DOCKET NO.: 20-21550.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 04-11-216-057-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Tove & Ivan Moe (Tove Milosevic Trust), the appellants, and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **A Reduction** in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$7,134  
**IMPR.:** \$24,445  
**TOTAL:** \$31,579

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellants timely filed the appeal from a 2019 final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board pursuant to section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of frame and masonry exterior construction with 1,572 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 66 years old. Features of the home include a part crawl space and part partial unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace and a 297 square foot garage.<sup>1</sup> The property has a 6,795 square foot site located in Northbrook, Northfield Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-03 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant filed the appeal based on a contention of law contending the assessment of the subject property as established by the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board for the 2019 tax year should be carried forward to the 2020 tax year pursuant to section 16-185 of the

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<sup>1</sup> The appellant's evidence depicts the subject as having a crawl space foundation and partial unfinished basement and a one-car garage while the board of review's grid analysis depicts the subject as having a full unfinished basement and no garage. The Board gives greater weight to the appellant's evidence.

Property Tax Code. (35 ILCS 200/16-185). The appellant disclosed that the subject property is an owner-occupied residence that was the subject matter of an appeal before the Property Tax Appeal Board in the previous tax year under Docket Number 19-31933. In that appeal the Property Tax Appeal Board issued a decision lowering the assessment of the subject property to \$31,579 based on the weight of the evidence. The appellant asserted that tax years 2019 and 2020 are within the same general assessment period. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's total assessment to \$31,579.

For the 2020 tax year appeal, the appellant also provided information on four equity comparables with the same neighborhood code as the subject property and located within two blocks of the subject. The comparables have varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject in location, design, age, dwelling size and other features. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$13,812 to \$23,762 or from \$12.06 to \$13.56 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested that the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$24,445 or \$15.55 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$32,356. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$25,222 or \$16.04 per square foot of living area. The board of review also reported in its submission that 2019 was the beginning of the subject's general assessment cycle and that no township equalization factor was applied in 2020 by county assessment officials. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that are located with the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property and located in the same block as the subject. The comparables have varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject in location, design, age, dwelling size and other features. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$20,425 to \$24,844 or from \$19.12 to \$23.26 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested that the subject's assessment be confirmed.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant raised a contention of law asserting that the assessment of the subject property as established by the Property Tax Appeal Board for the 2019 tax year should be carried forward to the 2020 tax year pursuant to section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code. (35 ILCS 200/16-185). When a contention of law is raised the burden of proof is a preponderance of the evidence. (See 5 ILCS 100/10-15). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that the assessment as established by the Board for the 2019 tax year should be carried forward to the tax year at issue subject only to equalization as provided by section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code.

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) states in part:

If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel on which a residence occupied by the owner is situated, such reduced assessment, subject to equalization, shall remain in effect for the

remainder of the general assessment period as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, unless that parcel is subsequently sold in an arm's length transaction establishing a fair cash value for the parcel that is different from the fair cash value on which the Board's assessment is based, or unless the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board is reversed or modified upon review.

The record disclosed the Property Tax Appeal Board issued a decision reducing the subject's assessment for the 2019 tax year. The record further indicates that the subject property is an owner-occupied dwelling, that 2019 and 2020 are within the same general assessment period, and that no township equalization factor was applied in 2020 by county assessment officials. The record contains no evidence indicating the subject property sold in an arm's length transaction after the Board's decision or that the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board has been reversed or modified upon review. For these reasons the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted to reflect the assessment as established in the Board's prior year's decision.

Finally, since the Board finds Section 16-185 185 of the Property Tax Code is controlling in this appeal, the assessment equity comparables will not be analyzed and no further reduction in the property's assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: October 18, 2022



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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