

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	Yumiko Sano
DOCKET NO.:	20-20174.001-R-1
PARCEL NO .:	16-18-112-010-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Yumiko Sano, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Northbrook; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$5,000
IMPR.:	\$37,570
TOTAL:	\$42,570

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story multi-family dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 3,052 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 112 years old. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, two fireplaces and a 2-car garage.¹ The property has a 5,000 square foot site and is located in Oak Park, Oak Park Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-11 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables

¹ The appellant indicated in Section III of the appeal petition that the subject dwelling has no central air conditioning, which is further supported by the evidence submitted by the board of review.

are class 2-11 properties improved with two-story² multi-family dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,450 to 3,165 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 104 to 110 years old. Each comparable has a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning and a 2-car garage. Comparable #1 has two fireplaces. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$28,661 to \$32,789 or from \$9.98 to \$11.70 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$33,206 or \$10.88 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$42,570. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$37,570 or \$12.31 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and two comparables are located approximately ¹/₄ of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are class 2-11 properties improved with two-story multi-family dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,300 to 3,689 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 71 to 107 years old. Each comparable has a full unfinished basement and three comparables each have either a 2-car, a 2.5-car or a 4-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$28,106 to \$60,577 or from \$12.22 to \$16.42 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of eight comparable properties for the Board's consideration. The Board has given less weight to the appellant's comparables as each dwelling has central air conditioning, not a feature of the subject. Additionally, the appellant's comparable #4 is considerably smaller in dwelling size, when compared to the subject. The Board has given reduced weight to board of review comparable #3 and #4 which differ from the subject in dwelling size and/or lack a garage.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be board of review comparables #1 and #2, which are overall more similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, design, age and some features. These two comparables have improvement assessments of \$37,481 and \$45,733 or \$13.31 and \$14.89 per square foot of living area, respectively. The subject's improvement

² The photographic evidence submitted by the appellant depicts each comparable dwelling with a two-story design.

assessment of \$37,570 or \$12.31 per square foot of living area is bracketed by the two best comparables in the record in terms of total improvement assessment but below the comparables on a per square foot basis. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:**

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

May 21, 2024

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Yumiko Sano, by attorney: Robert Rosenfeld Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC 40 Skokie Blvd Suite 150 Northbrook, IL 60062

COUNTY

Cook County Board of Review County Building, Room 601 118 North Clark Street Chicago, IL 60602