

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Sudesh Dhingra DOCKET NO.: 20-08291.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 09-24-402-001

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Sudesh Dhingra, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the DuPage County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **DuPage** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$232,590 **IMPR.:** \$276,010 **TOTAL:** \$508,600

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the DuPage County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 5,724 square feet of living area.¹ The dwelling was constructed in 1994. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace, an attached 1,039 square foot garage and a swimming pool. The property has a 51,089 square foot site and is located in Burr Ridge, Downers Grove Township, DuPage County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on three comparable properties that are located from .31 to .48 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of brick or frame and brick exterior construction ranging in size

¹ Additional information, regarding the features of the subject and the appellant's comparables, was obtained from their property record card's (PRC's) submitted by the board of review.

from 4,723 to 6,328 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1999 to 2005. The comparables have basements, two of which have finished area, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 781 to 988 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$185,420 to \$271,380 or from \$39.15 to \$43.71 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal." The board of review reported a total assessment for the subject of \$608,600. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$276,010 or \$48.22 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on three comparable properties that are located from .04 to .36 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of brick exterior construction ranging in size from 5,155 to 6,181 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1995 to 2000. The comparables have basements, one of which has finished area, central air conditioning, from one to three fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 1,001 to 1,035 square feet of building area. One comparable has a swimming pool. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$264,280 to \$298,600 or from \$48.31 to \$51.27 per square foot of living area.

The board of review argued the appellant's comparable #1 has a partial assessment due to fire and is 988 square feet smaller than the subject. The appellant's comparable #2 is 604 square feet larger than the subject. The appellant's comparable #3 is 1,001 square feet smaller than the subject and has a different exterior than the subject. The board of review reiterated the only comparable with a swimming pool is the board of review's comparable #2.

Based on this evidence the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Under rebuttal, the appellant submitted another copy of the final decision of the DuPage County Board of Review and argued the "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" reported an incorrect total assessment for the subject. The correct total assessment for the subject property is \$508,600.

Under surrebuttal, the board of review submitted a revised "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" reporting a correct total assessment for the subject of \$508,600.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of six comparable properties for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparable #1, due to its partial assessment due to fire. The Board finds the parties' remaining comparables have varying degrees of similarity to the subject. However, only the board of review's comparable #2 has a swimming pool, like the subject. Nevertheless, the best comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$206,450 to \$298,600 or from \$42.89 to \$51.27 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$276,010 or \$48.22 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in the record. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is supported. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement is inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	June 27, 2023
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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