



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Ihab Abuelenein
DOCKET NO.: 20-08095.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 03-22-208-014

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Ihab Abuelenein, the appellant, by Jessica Hill-Magiera, Attorney at Law in Lake Zurich; and the DuPage County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **DuPage** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$43,420
IMPR.: \$101,400
TOTAL: \$144,820

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the DuPage County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of frame and brick exterior construction with 2,848 square feet of living area.¹ The dwelling was constructed in 2004. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a garage containing 451 square feet of building area. The property has a 7,410 square foot site and is located in Addison, Addison Township, DuPage County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five comparable sales located within .15 of a mile of the subject and within the subject's assessment neighborhood. The comparables consist of two-story dwellings of brick, frame, or brick and frame exterior construction ranging in size from 2,430 to

¹ Details not reported by the appellant were drawn from the subject's property record card submitted by the board of review.

3,188 square feet of living area.² The homes were built from 1991 to 2008. Each dwelling has central air conditioning, a fireplace, an unfinished basement, and a garage ranging in size from 390 to 834 square feet of building area. The parcels range in size from 7,638 to 11,305 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from July 2019 to December 2020 for prices ranging from \$317,500 to \$470,000 or from \$123.81 to \$150.93 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced assessment of \$126,174, for an estimated market value of \$378,560 or \$132.92 per square foot of living area, including land, when applying the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$144,820. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$433,593 or \$152.24 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2020 three-year average median level of assessment for DuPage County of 33.40% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five comparable sales located within .37 of a mile of the subject³ and within the subject's assessment neighborhood. The comparables consist of two-story dwellings of brick and frame exterior construction ranging in size from 2,570 to 3,323 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1959 to 2007. Each dwelling has central air conditioning, a basement with one having finished area, and a garage ranging in size from 451 to 699 square feet of building area. Four comparables each have a fireplace. The parcels range in size from 7,504 to 22,500 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from May 2017 to August 2018 for prices ranging from \$400,007 to \$510,750 or from \$135.44 to \$186.27 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

In rebuttal, the appellant argued that the board of review's comparables should be given less weight due to their remote sale dates and/or age when compared to the subject.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales, or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of ten comparable sales to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1 and #4 due to differences in age when compared to the subject. The Board also gives reduced weight to the board of review's comparables due to their remote sale dates for valuation as of January 1, 2020.

² Details not reported by the appellant were drawn from the property record cards submitted by the board of review.

³ The proximities of the board of review's comparables were provided in the appellant's rebuttal grid.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be appellant's comparable sales #2, #3, and #5, which are similar to the subject in age, dwelling size, location, and features. These most similar comparables sold from July 2019 to December 2020 for prices ranging from \$323,000 to \$470,000 or from \$123.92 to \$150.93 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$433,593 or \$152.24 per square foot of living area, including land, which is within the range established by the best comparable sales in this record overall. While the subject's market value per square foot of living area, including land, of \$152.24 falls slightly above the range, the Board finds this logical giving consideration to the principle of economies of scale which generally provides that as the size of a property increases, the per unit value decreases, and in contrast, as the size of a property decreases, the per unit value increases. Based on this evidence and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

April 18, 2023



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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