

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Ronald & Paula Monn DOCKET NO.: 20-07748.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 17-20-109-017

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Ronald & Paula Monn, the appellants; and the LaSalle County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>A Reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **LaSalle** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$ 2,035 **IMPR.:** \$14,765 **TOTAL:** \$16,800

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellants timely filed the appeal from a decision of the LaSalle County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a one-story dwelling of frame exterior construction containing 1,009 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1934. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a detached garage with 484 square feet of building area. The property has a .13 of an acre site and is located in LaSalle, LaSalle Township, LaSalle County.

The appellants contend overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellants submitted sales information on four comparables properties improved with one-story dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 895 to 1,294 square feet of living area that are situated on sites that contain from 5,663 to 11,326 square feet of land area. The

¹ The appellant reported the subject's dwelling size of 902 square feet of building area. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds the board of review submitted the best evidence of the subject's dwelling size. The board of review submitted the subject's property record card with a schematic drawing depicting 1,009 square feet of living area.

homes were built from 1902 to 1948. The comparables have an unfinished basement, one comparable has central air conditioning, and three comparables have a garage ranging in size from 308 to 484 square feet of building area. The comparables sold from February 2017 to March 2020 for prices ranging from \$3,000 to \$50,000 or from \$2.32 to \$53.53 per square foot of living area including land. Based on this evidence, the appellants requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$18,250. The subject's assessment reflects an estimated market value of \$54,904 or \$54.41 per square foot of living area including land when applying LaSalle County's 2020 three-year average median level of assessment of 33.24% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted property record cards and a revised/corrected grid analysis of the same four comparable sales as submitted by the appellants. The board of review presented no alternative comparable sales in support of the subject's assessment. In summary, these same comparables are improved with one-story dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 925 to 1,294 square feet of living area that are situated on sites that contain from 5,663 to 11,326 square feet of land area. The homes were built from 1902 to 1948. The comparables have an unfinished basement, one comparable has central air conditioning, and three comparables have a garage ranging in size from 350 to 551 square feet of building area. Comparable #4 has two garages. The comparables sold from February 2017 to March 2020 for prices ranging from \$3,000 to \$50,000 or from \$2.32 to \$50.97 per square foot of living area including land. The board of review argued comparable #3 had a condition issue at the time of its 2017 sale and has an addition constructed in 2018. Based on this evidence, the board of review argued the burden of proof has not been met and requested the subject's assessment remain the same.

Conclusion of Law

The appellants contend the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). National City Bank of Michigan/Illinois v. Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board, 331 Ill.App.3d 1038 (3rd Dist. 2002). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellants have met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted information on the same four comparable sales. As an initial matter, the Board finds the board of review submitted the best evidence of the subject's and comparables' descriptive information that was supported by property record cards. The Board gave little weight to the comparable sale #3 due its 2017 sale date, which is not a reliable indicator of value as of the subject's January 1, 2020, assessment date. Additionally, this property was in poor condition at the time of sale and the property had materially changed since its sale in 2017 with the construction of an addition in 2018. The Board finds the remaining three comparable are more similar to the subject in location, land area, design, age, dwelling size and most features. These comparables sold from July 2018 to March 2020 for prices ranging from \$34,000 to

\$50,000 or from \$29.98 to \$50.97 per square foot of living area including land. The subject's assessment reflects an estimated market value of \$54,904 or \$54.41 per square foot of living area including land, which falls above the range established by the only comparable sales contained in this record. After considering logical adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the assessment of the subject property as established by the board of review is excessive and a reduction is justified based on a preponderance of the evidence in the record.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	November 22, 2022
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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