

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Natalie Mcallister DOCKET NO.: 20-05775.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 16-36-307-085

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Natalie Mcallister, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$92,561 **IMPR.:** \$225,353 **TOTAL:** \$317,914

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 1.5-story dwelling of stone and wood siding exterior construction with 4,859 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1950 and has an effective age of 1959. Features of the home include a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a 726 square foot basement garage. The property has an approximately 20,004 square foot site and is located in Highland Park, Moraine Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on three comparable sales located within 0.70 of a mile from the subject. The parcels range in size from 12,711 to 19,023 square feet of land area and are

¹ Additional details regarding the subject property are found in the subject's property record card presented by the board of review.

improved with 2-story homes ranging in size from 4,056 to 5,470 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1940 to 1966 with the oldest home having an effective age of 1950. Each home has a basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a garage ranging in size from 420 to 702 square feet of building area. The comparables sold in August 2019 and June 2020 for prices ranging from \$675,000 to \$975,000 or from \$154.53 to \$179.98 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$317,914. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$954,983 or \$196.54 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2020 three year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.29% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five comparable sales located within 0.94 of a mile from the subject. The parcels range in size from 12,280 to 58,240 square feet of land area and are improved with 2-story homes of brick, stone, brick and wood siding, or brick and stucco exterior construction ranging in size from 3,988 to 5,470 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1935 to 1951 and have effective ages ranging from 1954 to 1977. Each home has a basement, four of which have finished area, central air conditioning, two to four fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 480 to 740 square feet of building area. Comparable #1 has an inground swimming pool. The comparables sold from June 2018 to August 2020 for prices ranging from \$819,000 to \$1,600,000 or from \$149.73 to \$328.14 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of eight comparable sales for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the board of review's comparable #1, which has an inground swimming pool unlike the subject and has a significantly larger lot than the subject. The Board gives less weight to the board of review's comparable #4, which sold less proximate in time to the assessment date than other comparables in this record, and to the appellant's comparable #3 and the board of review's comparable #3, due to substantial differences from the subject in dwelling size.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the appellant's comparables #1 and #2 and the board of review's comparables #2 and #5, which are more similar to the subject in dwelling size, location, lot size, and features, although two of these comparables have finished basement area unlike the subject, suggesting downward adjustments to these comparables would be needed to make them more equivalent to the subject. These most similar comparables sold

from July 2019 to June 2020 for prices ranging from \$675,000 to \$1,045,000 or from \$149.73 to \$236.80 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$954,983 or \$196.54 per square foot of living area, including land, which is within the range established by the best comparable sales in this record. Based on this evidence and after considering appropriate adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

	Chairman
a R	Solot Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan Dikini	Sarah Boldey
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	FICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	March 21, 2023	
	Middle 14	
	Clerk of the Property Tay Appeal Roard	

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Natalie Mcallister, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 13975 W. Polo Trail Drive #201 Lake Forest, IL 60045

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085