



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Dane Skillrud
DOCKET NO.: 20-05772.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 16-36-420-004

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Dane Skillrud, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$86,829
IMPR.: \$122,382
TOTAL: \$209,211

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of brick and wood siding exterior construction with 2,598 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1939 and has an effective age of 1969. Features of the home include a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, three fireplaces, and a 391 square foot garage. The property has a 10,527 square foot site and is located in Highland Park, Moraine Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on six comparable sales located from 0.55 of a mile to 1.79 miles from the subject. The parcels range in size from 11,252 to 16,113 square feet of land area and are improved with 2-story homes ranging in size from 2,314 to 3,040 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1929 to 1978 with comparables #1, #3, #4, and #5 having effective ages of 1965, 1955, 1973, and 1952, respectively. Each home has a basement, central

air conditioning, and a garage ranging in size from 288 to 775 square feet of building area. Five homes each have a fireplace. The comparables sold from December 2019 to June 2020 for prices ranging from \$408,500 to \$600,000 or from \$169.30 to \$212.10 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$209,211. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$628,450 or \$241.90 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2020 three year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.29% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five comparable sales located from 0.31 to 0.66 of a mile from the subject. The parcels range in size from 9,000 to 15,260 square feet of land area and are improved with 2-story homes ranging in size from 2,136 to 3,172 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1925 to 1952 with comparables #2, #3, #4, and #5 having effective ages of 1943, 1935, 1951, and 1955, respectively. Each home has a basement, three of which have finished area, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces, and one or two garages ranging in size from 204 to 441 square feet of building area. The comparables sold from January 2019 to December 2020 for prices ranging from \$540,000 to \$700,000 or from \$220.68 to \$308.45 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence the board of review requested the subject's assessment be sustained.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of eleven comparable sales for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #2 through #6 which are located more than one mile from the subject and are less similar to the subject in location than other comparables in this record. The Board gives less weight to the board of review's comparables #3 and #4, due to substantial differences from the subject in dwelling size. Moreover, the board of review's comparable #4 has two garages unlike the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the appellant's comparable #1 and the board of review's comparables #1, #2, and #5, which are relatively similar to the subject in dwelling size, location, site size, and features, although three of these comparables have much older ages/effective ages than the subject and two of these comparables lack finished basement area that is a feature of the subject, suggesting upward adjustments to these comparables would be needed to make them more equivalent to the subject. These most similar comparables sold from January 2019 to August 2020 for prices ranging from \$429,000 to \$690,000 or from

\$169.30 to \$308.45 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$628,450 or \$241.90 per square foot of living area, including land, which is within the range established by the best comparable sales in this record. Based on this evidence and after considering appropriate adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

April 18, 2023



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois
Property Tax Appeal Board
William G. Stratton Building, Room 402
401 South Spring Street
Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Dane Skillrud, by attorney:
Ronald Kingsley
Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC
13975 W. Polo Trail Drive
#201
Lake Forest, IL 60045

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review
Lake County Courthouse
18 North County Street, 7th Floor
Waukegan, IL 60085