

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	Beatriz Alvarez
DOCKET NO.:	20-04857.001-R-1
PARCEL NO .:	06-28-419-001

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Beatriz Alvarez, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>*A Reduction*</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Lake County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$9,849
IMPR.:	\$50,166
TOTAL:	\$60,015

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick and vinyl siding exterior construction with 1,472 square feet of living area.¹ The dwelling was constructed in 1999. Features of the home include a full basement with finished area, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a garage containing 400 square feet of building area. The property has an approximately 6,120 square foot site and is located in Hainesville, Avon Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted an appraisal estimating the subject property had a market value of \$180,000 as of April 24, 2020. The appraisal was prepared by David Steiger, a Certified Residential Real

¹ The parties differ as to the subject's dwelling size. The Board finds the more detailed property sketch, with corresponding calculations, contained in the appraisal to be the best evidence of dwelling size in the record.

Estate Appraiser. The purpose of the appraisal was to develop an opinion of market value for a mortgage finance transaction.

In estimating the market value of the subject property, the appraiser developed the sales comparison approach to value by using five comparable sales and one listing located within .27 of a mile of the subject. The comparables are improved with dwellings that range in size from 1,162 to 2,361 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 19 or 20 years old. Each dwelling has central air conditioning, a basement with one having finished area, and a two-car garage. Two comparables each have a fireplace. The sales occurred from February 2019 to April 2020 for prices ranging from \$169,000 to \$235,000 or from \$99.53 to \$145.44 per square foot of living area, including land. Adjustments were applied for differences between the comparables and the subject property for financing, site size, dwelling size, condition, and other features to arrive at adjusted prices ranging from \$173,350 to \$199,000. Based on this data, the appraiser arrived at a market value of \$180,000 or \$122.28 per square foot of living area, including land, as of April 24, 2020.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$66,006. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$198,276 or \$134.70 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2020 threeyear average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.29% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five comparable sales located within .17 of a mile of the subject, and within the same assessment neighborhood as the subject. The comparables are improved with part one-story and part-two story² or two-story dwellings of vinyl siding exterior construction ranging in size from 1,350 to 1,682 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed in 1999 or 2000. Each dwelling has central air conditioning and a garage ranging in size from 400 to 480 square feet of building area. One comparable has a fireplace and three comparables each have a basement. The comparables sold from August to October 2020 for prices ranging from \$195,500 to \$245,500 or from \$127.03 to \$181.85 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales, or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

 $^{^2}$ The board of review's grid describes comparables #1, #2, and #4 as one-story dwellings. However, the grid states that each of these comparables has a 500 square foot ground floor living area, a 1,350 square foot above ground living area, and a finished lower level, suggesting that these are part one-story and part two-story dwellings.

The appellant submitted an appraisal and the board of review submitted five comparable sales to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the appraisal submitted by the appellant estimating the subject property had a market value of \$180,000 or \$122.28 per square foot of living area, including land, as of April 24, 2020. The appraisal was completed using similar comparable properties, when compared to the subject, and contained appropriate adjustments to the comparable properties, which further advances the credibility of the report. The subject's assessment reflects a market value above the appraised value. The board of review's unadjusted comparable sales, three of which are of a dissimilar design and one of which has a dissimilar concrete slab foundation, compared to the subject, do not overcome the weight given to the appellant's appraisal. Based on the evidence in this record, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment commensurate with the appellant's request is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:**

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

April 18, 2023

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085