

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Carlos Bernal DOCKET NO.: 20-04463.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 06-16-408-014

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Carlos Bernal, the appellant, by James Pollard, Attorney at Law in Lindenhurst; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$7,085 **IMPR.:** \$47,976 **TOTAL:** \$55,061

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 1-story dwelling of vinyl siding exterior construction with 912 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1972 and has an effective age of 1987. Features of the home include a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, and a 484 square foot garage. The property has a 5,500 square foot site and is located in Round Lake Beach, Avon Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity regarding the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with 1-story homes of wood siding or vinyl siding exterior

¹ The parties differ regarding the subject's basement finish. The Board finds the best evidence of basement finish is found in the subject's property record card presented by the board of review, which was not refuted by the appellant in written rebuttal.

construction ranging in size from 912 to 1,040 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1977 to 1986 with the oldest home having an effective age of 1987. Three homes each have a crawl space foundation and one home has a basement. Three homes each have central air conditioning and one home has a 400 square foot garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$38,505 to \$41.057 or from \$37.02 to \$44.71 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$55,061. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$47,976 or \$52.61 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with 1-story homes of vinyl siding exterior construction with 912 or 975 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1973 to 1978 with comparable #5 having an effective age of 1981. Each home has a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, and a garage ranging in size from 440 to 660 square feet of building area. Two homes each have a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$45,299 to \$49,080 or from \$48.14 to \$50.34 per square foot of living area, including land.

Based on this evidence the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of nine equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables, due to substantial differences from the subject in foundation type, dwelling size, basement finish, and/or garage amenity.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the board of review's comparables, which are similar to the subject in dwelling size, age, location, and most features. These comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$45,299 to \$49,080 or from \$48.14 to \$50.34 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$47,976 or \$52.61 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in terms of total improvement assessment and above the range on a per square foot basis, which is

justified given the subject's slightly newer effective age than the best comparables. Based on this record and after considering appropriate adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

	Chairman
C. R.	Robert Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan Dikini	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	March 21, 2023
	14:1016
	Mallon

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Carlos Bernal, by attorney: James Pollard Attorney at Law P.O. Box 6172 Lindenhurst, IL 60046

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085