



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Steven Perreault  
DOCKET NO.: 20-04368.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 11-11-404-015

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Steven Perreault, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **no change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$64,274  
**IMPR.:** \$52,172  
**TOTAL:** \$116,446

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 1,692 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1962. Features of the home include a crawl space foundation, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 440 square foot garage. The property has a 39,131 square foot site and is located in Green Oaks, Libertyville Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on three comparable sales located from 2.32 to 2.95 miles from the subject property. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 7,500 to 18,550 square feet of land area and are improved with one-story dwellings of frame, brick or brick and frame exterior construction ranging in size from 1,390 to 2,012 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed in 1953 or 1956. Comparable #1 has an effective year built of 1964.

Each comparable has central air conditioning and a garage ranging in size from 384 to 528 square feet of building area. Two comparables each have one or two fireplaces. The appellant's evidence disclosed the subject sold in August 2016 for \$330,000 or \$195.04 per square foot of living area, including land. The comparables sold from January 2019 to March 2020 for prices ranging from \$310,000 to \$320,000 or from \$155.32 to \$223.02 per square foot of living area, land included. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$116,446. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$349,793 or \$206.73 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2020 three year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.29% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on the three comparables located from .33 to 2.32 mile from the subject where comparable #3 is the same as appellant's comparable #1. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 7,500 to 44,010 square feet of land area and are improved with one-story dwellings of wood siding, brick or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 1,720 to 2,260 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1956 to 1983. Comparable #3 has an effective year built of 1964. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one fireplace and a garage ranging in size from 462 to 645 square feet of building area. The comparables sold from May 2019 to March 2020 for prices ranging from \$320,000 to \$450,000 or from \$183.79 to \$199.12 per square foot of living area, land included. The subject's property record card disclosed the subject sold in August 2016 for \$330,000 or \$195.04 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties' submitted five comparables for the Board's consideration where one comparable was common to both parties. The Board finds neither party presented comparables truly similar to the subject due to differences in location, age, dwelling size and/or features. The appellant's comparables are more similar in age and dwelling size while the board of review comparables are more similar in location when compared to the subject. In addition, both parties' comparables have superior basement foundations in comparison to the subject's crawl space foundation, suggesting downward adjustments are necessary to make them more equivalent to the subject. These comparables sold from January 2019 to March 2020 for prices ranging from \$310,000 to \$450,000 or from \$155.32 to \$223.02 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$349,793 or \$206.73 per square foot of living

area, including land, which falls within the range established by the comparable sales in the record. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the subject estimated market value as reflected by its assessment was excessive. Based on this record, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Chairman



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Member



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Member



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Member



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Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: March 21, 2023



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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois  
Property Tax Appeal Board  
William G. Stratton Building, Room 402  
401 South Spring Street  
Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Steven Perreault, by attorney:  
Ronald Kingsley  
Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC  
13975 W. Polo Trail Drive  
#201  
Lake Forest, IL 60045

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review  
Lake County Courthouse  
18 North County Street, 7th Floor  
Waukegan, IL 60085