

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Neeraj Nangia DOCKET NO.: 20-04287.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 11-29-201-087

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Neeraj Nangia, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$49,099 **IMPR.:** \$153,685 **TOTAL:** \$202,784

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick and frame exterior construction with 3,533 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2004. Features of the home include a basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 610 square foot garage. The property has a 10,349 square foot site and is located in Vernon Hills, Libertyville Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted two grid analyses with information on ten comparable sales.¹ The comparables are located from .05 of a mile to 1.38 miles from the subject property and have sites that range in size from 9,573 to 25,448 square feet of land area. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of brick and frame exterior construction ranging in size from 3,084 to

¹ The Board has renumbered the appellant's second set of five comparables as #6 through #10 for ease of read.

4,228 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1997 to 2005. The comparables each have a basement, two of which have walk-out designs. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one fireplace and a garage ranging in size from 440 to 696 square feet of building area. The comparables sold from September 2018 to May 2020 for prices ranging from \$482,500 to \$640,000 or from \$143.05 to \$160.04 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's total assessment be reduced to \$177,810, which would reflect a market value of \$533,483 or \$151.00 per square foot of living area, including land, when using the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$202,784. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$609,144 or \$172.42 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2020 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.29% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on five comparable sales located within .74 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables have sites that range in size from 10,450 to 14,950 square feet of land area. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of brick or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 3,220 to 3,685 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 2000 to 2004. Each comparable has a basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a garage ranging in size from 550 to 722 square feet of building area. The comparables sold from March 2019 to September 2020 for prices ranging from \$620,000 to \$665,000 or from \$178.57 to \$200.31 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains 15 suggested comparable sales for the Board's consideration. The Board has given less weight to the appellant's comparables #2, #5, #7 and #9 which differ from the subject dwelling in size. The Board has also given less weight to the appellant's comparables #4, #6 and #10 due to their distant locations from the subject being more than one mile away.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the appellant's comparables #1, #3 and #8, along with the comparables presented by the board of review, which are overall more similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, design, age and some features. These eight comparables sold from March 2019 to September 2020 for prices ranging from \$522,000 to \$665,000 or from \$143.05 to \$200.31 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$609,144 or \$172.42 per square foot of living area, including land, which falls within the range established by the best comparable sales in the record both in terms

of overall market value and on a price per square foot basis. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds no reduction in the subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

2	1. Fem
	Chairman
a R	Sobert Stoffen
Member	Member
	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	February 21, 2023
	Widl 215

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Neeraj Nangia, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 13975 W. Polo Trail Drive #201 Lake Forest, IL 60045

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085