



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Jennifer Cho  
DOCKET NO.: 20-04268.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 11-30-317-088

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Jennifer Cho, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest, and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$10,418  
**IMPR.:** \$29,166  
**TOTAL:** \$39,584

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 925 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1950. Features of the home include an unfinished basement and central air conditioning. The property has a 6,750 square foot site and is located in Mundelein, Libertyville Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on three comparable sales located within .35 of a mile from the subject. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 5,245 to 8,244 square feet of land area and are improved with one-story dwellings of frame exterior construction. Each dwelling has 1,073 square feet of living area and was constructed in 1955 or 1956. Each comparable has an unfinished basement, central air conditioning and two comparables each have a detached garage with 440 square feet of building area. The comparables sold from April 2018 to March 2020 for

prices ranging from \$126,100 to \$155,100 or from \$117.52 to \$144.55 per square foot of living area, land included. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$39,584. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$118,907 or \$128.55 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2020 three year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.29% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five comparable sales located within .37 of a mile from the subject. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 4,870 to 7,590 square feet of land area and are improved with one-story dwellings of brick or wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 898 to 1,073 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1939 to 1955 with comparables #4 and #5 having an effective year built of 1984. Four comparables have unfinished basements and one comparable has a crawl space foundation. Four comparables have central air conditioning. One comparable has a fireplace and a garage with 360 square feet of building area. The comparables sold from May 2019 to December 2020 for prices ranging from \$135,000 to \$187,500 or from \$150.33 to \$205.59 per square foot of living area, land included. The board of review submitted the subject's property record card which disclosed the subject's land assessment had a negative influence factor of 30% due to its location near a busy road. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested that the subject's assessment be confirmed.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains eight comparable sales for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1 and #3 which sold over 16 months prior to the January 1, 2020 assessment date and are less likely to be reflective of market value.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the parties' remaining comparables which sold proximate in time to the assessment date at issue and are relatively similar to the subject in location, design, year built, dwelling size and some features. However, two comparables have a garage, two comparables have a considerably newer effective year built, one comparable lacks a basement and one comparable lacks central air conditioning when compared to the subject. These comparables sold from May 2019 to December 2020 for prices ranging from \$135,000 to \$187,500 or from \$136.07 to \$205.59 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$118,907 or \$128.55 per square foot of living area, including land, which is below the range established by the best comparable sales in the record but justified when considering the subject's busy road location. Therefore, after

considering adjustments to the comparables for differences including location and features when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment is supported. Based on this evidence, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



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Chairman



\_\_\_\_\_  
Member



\_\_\_\_\_  
Member



\_\_\_\_\_  
Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: February 21, 2023



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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois  
Property Tax Appeal Board  
William G. Stratton Building, Room 402  
401 South Spring Street  
Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Jennifer Cho, by attorney:  
Ronald Kingsley  
Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC  
13975 W. Polo Trail Drive  
#201  
Lake Forest, IL 60045

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review  
Lake County Courthouse  
18 North County Street, 7th Floor  
Waukegan, IL 60085