

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: William Steele
DOCKET NO.: 20-03628.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 15-06-414-015

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are William Steele, the appellant, by attorney Eric Feldman of Eric Feldman & Assoc. P.C. in Chicago, and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$29,427 **IMPR.:** \$89,055 **TOTAL:** \$118,482

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

## **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

## **Findings of Fact**

The subject property is improved with a two-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction containing 2,167 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1991. Features of the home include an unfinished full basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and an attached garage with 420 square feet of building area. The property has a 9,050 square foot site and is located in Vernon Hills, Vernon Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five comparable sales improved with two-story dwellings of frame construction that were built in 1989 or 1991 and range in size from 1,798 to 2,280 square feet of living area. Comparable #1 has a crawl space foundation and the remaining comparables have partial or full basements with three having finished area. Each comparable also has central air conditioning and an attached garage with 420 square feet of building area. One comparable

has a fireplace. The comparables are located from approximately .09 to .48 of one mile from the subject property and have sites ranging in size from 7,520 to 20,500 square feet of land area. The sales occurred from March 2019 to December 2019 for prices ranging from \$257,000 to \$350,000 or from \$142.94 to \$156.84 per square foot of living area, including land. The appellant requested the subject's total assessment be reduced to \$107,280.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$118,482. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$355,909 or \$164.24 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2020 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.29% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five comparable sales improved with two-story dwellings of wood siding exterior construction that were built from 1989 to 1992 and range in size from 2,165 to 2,474 square foot of living area. Each home has a full basement with one having finished area, central air conditioning and an attached garage ranging in size from 400 to 484 square feet of building area. Four comparables each have one fireplace. The comparables are located from .12 to .64 of one mile from the subject property and have sites that range in size from 7,520 to 12,450 square feet of land area. The sales occurred from April 2019 to February 2020 for prices ranging from \$362,500 to \$460,000 or from \$167.28 to \$185.93 per square foot of living area, including land.

# **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted information on ten comparable sales to support their respective positions. The Board gives less weight to appellant's comparable #1 due to the differences from the subject dwelling in size and foundation. The Board gives less weight to appellant's comparables #4 and #5 due to differences from the subject dwelling in size. The Board gives less weight to board of review comparable #1 due to differences from the subject dwelling in size and finished basement area. The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be appellant's comparable sales #2 and #3 as well as board of review comparables #2 through #5. These comparables are similar to the subject in age and in size containing from 2,165 to 2,339 square feet of living area. Appellant's comparables #2 and #3 each have finished basement area and comparable #3 has one fireplace, features the subject dwelling does not have, suggesting each comparable would require a downward adjustment to make them more equivalent to the subject property. Board of review comparables #3 through #5 each have one fireplace, unlike the subject property, suggesting each would require a downward adjustment to make them more equivalent to the subject property. These six comparables sold for prices ranging from \$324,500 to \$405,000 or from \$148.38 to \$173.25 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$355,909 or \$164.24 per square foot of living area, including land, which is within the

range established by the best comparable sales in this record and is below each comparable sale provided by the board of review. Based on this evidence the Board finds the assessment of the subject property as established by the board of review is correct and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
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Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

# **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	December 20, 2022
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	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

**IMPORTANT NOTICE** 

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

# PARTIES OF RECORD

## **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

## **APPELLANT**

William Steele, by attorney: Eric Feldman Eric Feldman & Assoc. P.C. 123 W. Madison St. Suite 1704 Chicago, Il 60602

# **COUNTY**

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085