

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Dixon Whitson DOCKET NO.: 20-03190.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 05-10-102-013

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Dixon Whitson, the appellant, by attorneys Omar Banna and Jerrold H. Mayster of Mayster & Chaimson, Ltd. in Chicago, and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>a reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$42,598 **IMPR.:** \$58,204 **TOTAL:** \$100,802

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a one-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction containing 2,296 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1962 and is approximately 58 years old. Features of the home include a basement that is partially finished, a fireplace and a two-car attached garage with 594 square feet of building area. The subject property also has an inground swimming pool. The property has a site with approximately 21,458 square feet of land area located in Fox Lake, Grant Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted an appraisal estimating the subject property had a market value of \$290,000 as of January 1, 2019. The appraiser reported the subject property is owner occupied and developed the sales comparison approach to value in estimating the market value of the subject property. The appellant requested the subject's assessment be reduced to \$96,665.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$126,086. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$378,750 when using the 2020 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.29% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue. The board of review disclosed that 2019 was the first year of the general assessment cycle for the subject property and a township equalization factor of 1.0428 was applied in the 2020 tax year.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales improved with one-story dwellings of wood siding or brick exterior construction built from 1930 to 1961 that range in size from 1,162 to 2,210 square feet of living area. The comparables sold from July 2019 to August 2020 for prices ranging from \$300,000 to \$394,000 or from \$170.52 to \$258.18 per square foot of living area, including land.

Following the submission of the board of review evidence, the appellant submitted a letter explaining that the subject property is an owner-occupied residence that was the subject matter of an appeal before the Property Tax Appeal Board the prior tax year under Docket Number 19-07962.001-R-1. In that appeal the Property Tax Appeal Board issued a decision lowering the assessment of the subject property to \$96,665 based on an agreement of the parties. The appellant also asserted that 2019 and 2020 are in the same general assessment period. The appellant requested the assessment of the subject property as established for the 2019 tax year be carried forward to the 2020 tax year, subject to equalization, as provided by Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185).

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds, pursuant to Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code, a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) provides in part:

If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel on which a residence occupied by the owner is situated, such reduced assessment, subject to equalization, shall remain in effect for the remainder of the general assessment period as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, unless that parcel is subsequently sold in an arm's length transaction establishing a fair cash value for the parcel that is different from the fair cash value on which the Board's assessment is based, or unless the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board is reversed or modified upon review.

In accordance with Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code, the Board finds that the 2019 tax year's assessment of \$96,665 as determined by the Property Tax Appeal Board in Docket No. 19-

07962.001-R-1 should be carried forward to the 2020 tax year subject only to the township equalization factor of 1.0428 that was applied to the 2020 assessments. The record disclosed the subject property is an owner-occupied dwelling, the 2019 and 2020 tax years are in the same general assessment period, the record contains no evidence indicating the subject property sold in an arm's length transaction subsequent to the Board's decision establishing a different fair cash value, or that the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board had been reversed or modified upon review. For these reasons the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted to reflect the Board's prior year's finding adjusted by the application of the 2020 township equalization factor of 1.0428.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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	Chairman
C. R.	Robert Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan De Kinin	Swah Bolley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	December 20, 2022
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Dixon Whitson, by attorney: Omar Banna Mayster & Chaimson, Ltd 10 South LaSalle Street #1150 Chicago, IL 60603

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085