



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Gila Bronner
DOCKET NO.: 20-01996.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 16-23-414-006

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Gila Bronner, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **no change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$150,759
IMPR.: \$394,196
TOTAL: \$544,955

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of brick and wood siding exterior construction with 6,145 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1995 is approximately 25 years old. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 770 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 24,700 square foot site and is located in Highland Park, Moraine Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on three equity comparables with the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with 1.8-story or 2-story dwellings of brick or wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 5,355 to 5,937 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 14 to 44 years old. The comparables each have a full basement, two of which have finished area.

Each comparable has central air conditioning, one or four fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 575 to 946 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$292,691 to \$379,342 or from \$54.66 to \$63.89 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$385,946 or \$62.81 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$544,955. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$394,196 or \$64.15 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on five comparables with the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with 1.75-story or 2-story dwellings of brick, wood siding and stone, or stone and stucco exterior construction ranging in size from 5,587 to 6,793 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1999 to 2004. The comparables each have a full basement, four of which are finished with a recreation room. Each comparable has central air conditioning, three or four fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 748 to 1,008 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$380,873 to \$516,198 or from \$66.57 to \$76.02 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of eight suggested equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board has given less weight to the appellant's three comparables, as well as board of review comparable #5 due to differences from the subject in dwelling size and/or age.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be board of review comparables #1, #2, #3 and #4, which are overall more similar to the subject in dwelling size, design, age and some features, except three comparables each have a basement recreation room, unlike the subject, suggesting a downward adjustment would be required to make these comparables more equivalent to the subject. The four comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$380,873 to \$490,780 or from \$66.57 to \$76.02 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$394,196 or \$64.15 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in the record in terms of overall improvement assessment, but below the range on a square foot basis, which appears to be logical given the subject has an unfinished basement. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did

not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

October 18, 2022



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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