

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Mina Perlin

DOCKET NO.: 20-01927.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 16-10-315-017

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Mina Perlin, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago, and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$51,669 **IMPR.:** \$103,216 **TOTAL:** \$154,885

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

## **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

## **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a tri-level dwelling of wood siding and brick exterior construction with 2,181 square feet of above ground living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1955 and is approximately 65 years old. The dwelling has a reported effective age of 1968. Features of the home include a finished lower level, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 462 square foot attached garage. The property has a site with approximately 12,650 square feet of land area and is located in Highland Park, Moraine Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with tri-level dwellings of brick exterior construction ranging in size from 1,900 to 2,234 square feet of above ground living area. The dwellings range in age from 61

to 64 years old. Each comparable has a lower level with finished area and central air conditioning. The appellant reported that one comparable has two fireplaces and one comparable has an attached garage with 494 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$82,289 to \$95,339 or from \$40.06 to \$44.40 per square foot of above ground living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$92,965 or \$42.62 per square foot of above ground living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$154,885. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$103,216 or \$47.33 per square foot of above ground living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on five equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with tri-level dwellings of wood siding or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 2,007 to 2,145 square feet of above ground living area. The dwellings were built in 1941 to 1963 with reported effective years built from 1958 to 1977. Two comparables have basements, one of which is finished with a recreation room. Each comparable has a finished lower level, one or two fireplaces and an attached garage ranging in size from 420 to 507 square feet of building area. Four comparables have central air conditioning. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$103,621 to \$135,913 or from \$48.60 to \$63.36 per square foot of above ground living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

# **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of nine suggested equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1, #3 and #4 as each comparable lacks a garage unlike the subject. The Board gives less weight to board of review comparables #2 and #4 which have basements unlike the subject. The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the parties' remaining comparables, which are overall more similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, design and age. These comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$95,339 to \$115,591 or from \$42.68 to \$57.59 per square foot of above grade living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$103,216 or \$47.33 per square foot of above grade living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in the record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

# **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	September 20, 2022
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

# PARTIES OF RECORD

## **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

## **APPELLANT**

Mina Perlin, by attorney: Robert Rosenfeld Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC 33 North Dearborn Street Suite 1850 Chicago, IL 60602

# **COUNTY**

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085