

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	Philip Deemer
DOCKET NO.:	20-01490.001-R-1
PARCEL NO .:	12-20-207-007

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Philip Deemer, the appellant, by attorney Andrew J. Rukavina, of The Tax Appeal Company in Mundelein; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$81,350
IMPR.:	\$57,303
TOTAL:	\$138,653

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2020 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 1-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 1,835 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1965. Features of the home include a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a 390 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 11,020 square foot site and is located in Lake Bluff, Shields Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five comparable sales presented in two grid analyses. The comparables are located within 0.35 of a mile from the subject and within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The parcels range in size from 10,260 to 12,380 square feet of land area and are improved with 1-story homes of brick or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 1,508 to 2,285 square feet of living area. The dwellings were

built from 1953 to 1961. Each home has a basement, three of which have finished area, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 300 to 600 square feet of building area. Comparable #2 has an inground swimming pool and comparable #3 has a greenhouse. The comparables sold from June 2018 to March 2020 for prices ranging from \$290,000 to \$479,000 or from \$163.38 to \$220.83 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment to \$123,696 which would reflect a market value of \$371,125 or \$202.25 per square foot of living area, including land, when applying the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$138,653. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$416,500 or \$226.98 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2020 three year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.29% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three comparable sales¹ with comparable #3 being the same property as the appellant's comparable #4. The comparables are located within 0.29 of a mile from the subject and within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The parcels range in size from 10,000 to 12,380 square feet of land area and are improved with 1-story homes of brick or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 1,806 to 2,285 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1956 to 1962. Each home has a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 440 to 506 square feet of building area. The comparables sold from April to November 2019 for prices ranging from \$479,000 to \$540,000 or from \$209.63 to \$274.09 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence the board of review requested the subject's assessment be sustained.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of seven comparable sales, with one common sale, for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables, including the common comparable, due to significant differences from the subject in dwelling size, inground swimming pool amenity, and/or greenhouse amenity. Moreover, the appellant's comparable #1 sold less proximate in time to the January 1, 2020 assessment date.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the board of review's comparables #1 and #2, which are more similar to the subject in dwelling size, site size, location, age, and features than other comparables in this record. These most similar comparables sold in April and

¹ The Board finds that the board of review's grid analysis is for tax year 2019.

August 2019 for prices of \$495,000 and \$540,000 or \$274.09 and \$269.73 per square foot of living area, including land, respectively. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$416,500 or \$226.98 per square foot of living area, including land, which is below the best comparable sales in this record. Based on this evidence and after considering appropriate adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:**

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

October 18, 2022

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Philip Deemer, by attorney: Andrew J. Rukavina The Tax Appeal Company 28643 North Sky Crest Drive Mundelein, IL 60060

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085