



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Franklin Sanchez
DOCKET NO.: 19-24430.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 14-18-313-022-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Franklin Sanchez, the appellant(s), by attorney Noah J. Schmidt, of Schmidt Salzman & Moran, Ltd. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **A Reduction** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$18,000
IMPR.: \$44,000
TOTAL: \$62,000

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

Appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2019 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 3,750 square foot parcel of land improved with a 108-year-old, two-story, masonry, multi-family dwelling, containing 2,545 square feet of living area. The property is located in Chicago, Lake View Township, Cook County and is a class 2-11 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

Appellant contends overvaluation and assessment inequity as the bases of the appeal. In support of its overvaluation argument, appellant submitted evidence disclosing the subject property was purchased on September 23, 2019, for a price of \$620,000. In Section IV of its appeal form, appellant indicates the parties to the transaction were not related, and the subject property was by owner/realtor. Appellant also indicates in Section IV that the property was not advertised for sale. Appellant submitted a copy of the Real Estate Contract and ALTA Settlement Statement.

In addition, appellant submitted a copy of the board of review's written decision reflecting the subject property was assessed at \$65,948.

Appellant selected assessment inequity on its appeal form as an additional basis for the appeal. In support of its argument, appellant submitted information on five suggested equity comparables. They were each improved with a 2-story, multi-family dwelling of either frame, masonry, or frame and masonry construction. They ranged in size between 2,297 and 2,660 square feet of living area and in improvement assessment between \$14.64 and \$15.22 per square feet of living area. Based on the evidence submitted, appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment not to exceed \$56,378.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" depicting a total assessed valuation of \$65,948, with an improvement assessment of \$47,948, or \$18.84 per square feet of living area. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$659,480, or \$243.61 per square foot of living area, including land, when applying the level of assessment for class 2 property of 10.00% under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four comparable properties. Each of the board of review's comparables were improved with a two-story, multi-family dwelling of masonry construction. They ranged in size between 2,256 and 2,508 square feet of living area and in assessment per square foot of living area between \$19.14 and \$23.95. Three of the comparables sold between October 2016 and September of 2018 for prices ranging between \$282.63 and \$320.70 per square foot of living area, including land. In addition, the board of review included information in its grid analysis indicating the subject property sold in October 2016 for \$620,000.

Conclusion of Law

Appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant *met* this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment *is* warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the purchase of the subject property in October of 2019, for a price of \$620,000. The appellant provided evidence demonstrating the sale had the elements of an arm's length transaction. The appellant completed Section IV - Recent Sale Data of the appeal disclosing the parties to the transaction were not related and the property was sold by the owner/realtor. In further support of the transaction the appellant submitted a copy of the settlement statement and real estate contract. The Board finds the purchase price is below the market value reflected by the current assessment of \$65,948. The Board finds the board of review did not present any evidence to challenge the arm's length nature of the transaction. Based on this record, the Board finds the subject property had a market value of \$620,000 as of the lien year at issue in the instant appeal. Since market value has been determined the median level of assessments for class 2 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance of 10% shall apply. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(c)(2). A reduction in the subject's assessment commensurate with the appellant's

request is appropriate. The Board finds the subject property to now be fairly and equitably assessed.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

July 18, 2023



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois
Property Tax Appeal Board
William G. Stratton Building, Room 402
401 South Spring Street
Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Franklin Sanchez, by attorney:
Noah J. Schmidt
Schmidt Salzman & Moran, Ltd.
111 West Washington St.
Suite 1300
Chicago, IL 60602

COUNTY

Cook County Board of Review
County Building, Room 601
118 North Clark Street
Chicago, IL 60602