



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Ralph ODonnell
DOCKET NO.: 19-20250.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 15-36-305-029-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Ralph ODonnell, the appellant, by attorney Noah J. Schmidt, of Schmidt Salzman & Moran, Ltd. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **no change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$9,072
IMPR.: \$42,392
TOTAL: \$51,464

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2019 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of frame construction with 2,938 square feet of living area. The dwelling is 146 years old. Features of the home include an unfinished partial basement, central air conditioning and three fireplaces. The property has a 10,368 square foot site and is located in Riverside, Riverside Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-04 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the subject's improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five comparable properties that are located within the same neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are two-story dwellings of masonry or frame and masonry construction that range in size from 2,709 to 3,085 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 66 to 93

years old and have full or partial basements, three of which have finished area. Each of the comparables has central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and from a 1.5-car to a 3-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$34,431 to \$41,123 or from \$12.32 to \$13.33 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence the appellant requested that the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$37,841 or \$12.88 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$51,464. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$42,392 or \$14.43 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparable properties that are located within the same neighborhood code as the subject. Comparable #1 is also located on the same block as the subject. The comparables are two-story dwellings of frame construction that range in size from 2,394 to 3,419 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 111 to 129 years old. Three of the comparables have full unfinished basements and a fireplace. Each comparable also has central air conditioning and 2-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$34,833 to \$49,389 or from \$14.45 to \$17.02 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends improvement assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of nine comparable properties for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables due to their differences in age, when compared to the subject. The Board also gives less weight to the board of review's comparables #1 and #3, due to their lack of a basement foundation and/or their differences in size when compared to the subject. The Board finds the board of review's remaining comparables are similar to the subject in location, style, age, size and most features. However, each of these comparables have a 2-car garage, unlike the subject. Nevertheless, the best comparables have improvement assessments of \$45,588 and \$48,418 or \$17.02 and \$16.42 per square foot of living area, respectively. The subject's improvement assessment of \$42,392 or \$14.43 per square foot of living area falls below the improvement assessments of the best comparables in the record. However, after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, such as their 2-car garage, the Board finds the subject's lower improvement assessment is supported. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement is inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: January 18, 2022



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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