



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: David Labicki
DOCKET NO.: 19-08828.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 12-31-206-008

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are David Labicki, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$115,225
IMPR.: \$253,158
TOTAL: \$368,383

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2019 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 1.5-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 4,415 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1958 and is approximately 61 years old.¹ Features of the home include a finished basement, central air conditioning, four fireplaces, and a garage containing 826 square feet of building area. The property has an approximately 34,800 square foot site and is located in Lake Forest, Shields Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity concerning the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on three equity comparables located in the same neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables consist of 1.5-story dwellings of brick or wood siding exterior construction that are 35 to 63

¹ The Board finds that the property record card submitted by the board of review, which lists the property as having an effective age of 1981 and which was not refuted by any rebuttal filing, is the best evidence of the subject's age.

years old. The homes range in size from 3,701 to 4,014 square feet of living area. Each dwelling has central air conditioning, two or three fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 572 to 891 square feet of building area. Each comparable has a basement with comparable #3 having 984 square feet of finished area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$188,690 to \$208,911 or from \$50.98 to \$52.57 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced improvement assessment of \$228,991 or \$51.87 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$368,383. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$253,158 or \$57.34 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that are located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables consist of 1.5-story dwellings of brick or brick and wood siding exterior construction that were built from 1954 to 1967. Comparables #1 through #3 have effective ages ranging from 1977 to 1989. The homes range in size from 4,027 to 4,588 square feet of living area. Each dwelling has central air conditioning, two or three fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 552 to 828 square feet of building area. Each dwelling has a basement with comparables #1 and #2 having 1,032 and 1,102 square feet of finished area, respectively. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$203,431 to \$260,056 or from \$50.52 to \$62.58 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of seven equity comparables to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board has given reduced weight to appellant's comparables #1 and #2 along with board of review comparables #3 and #4 due to their dissimilar age and/or unfinished basement when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be appellant's comparable #3 along with board of review comparables #1 and #2. The Board finds these comparables are more similar to the subject in age and features. These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$200,335 to \$260,056 or from \$52.57 to \$62.58 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$253,158 or \$57.34 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences, the Board finds the

appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: June 21, 2022



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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