



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Harwinder Singh
DOCKET NO.: 19-07828.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 10-23-203-020

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Harwinder Singh, the appellant, by attorney Andrew J. Rukavina, of The Tax Appeal Company in Mundelein; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$20,900
IMPR.: \$92,589
TOTAL: \$113,489

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2019 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of vinyl siding exterior construction with 2,876 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1997 and is 22 years old. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 792 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 12,200 square foot site and is located in Mundelein, Fremont Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five comparable sales located from 0.26 of a mile to 1.32 miles from the subject property. The comparables have sites with either 12,200 or 15,250 square feet of land area and are improved with two-story dwellings of vinyl siding exterior construction that range in size from 2,592 to 3,343 square feet of living area. The dwellings are either 22 or 23 years old. Each comparable has an unfinished basement, central air conditioning and a garage

ranging in size from 529 to 726 square feet of building area. Four comparables each have either one or two fireplaces. Comparable #2 has an inground swimming pool. The properties sold from December 2016 to December 2019 for prices ranging from \$250,000 to \$325,000 or from \$95.30 to \$117.47 per square foot of living area, land included. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's assessment be reduced to \$93,192 which reflects a market value of \$279,604 or \$97.22 per square foot of living area, land included, when applying the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$113,489. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$345,056 or \$119.98 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2019 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 32.89% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three comparable sales located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables have sites with either 12,200 or 14,370 square feet of land area and are improved with two-story dwellings of vinyl siding exterior construction that have 2,750 or 2,755 square feet of living area. The homes were built in either 1996 or 1997. Each comparable has a basement, two with finished area, central air conditioning and a garage with either 529 or 550 square feet of building area. Two comparables each have one fireplace. The properties sold from April 2018 to April 2019 for prices ranging from \$325,000 to \$389,000 or from \$117.97 to \$141.20 per square foot of living area, land included. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted seven comparable sales for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1, #2 and #3 which have an inground swimming pool and/or sold in 2016 or 2017, less proximate in time to the January 1, 2019 assessment date than other comparables in the record. The Board gives less weight to the board of review comparables #1 and #2 which have a finished basement, in contrast to the subject's unfinished basement.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the remaining two comparables which are more similar to the subject in location, age, design, dwelling size, site size and other features, although both of these properties are slightly smaller in dwelling size and garage size when compared to the subject. These two best comparables sold in April and May 2019 for prices of \$320,000 and \$343,000 or for \$117.47 and \$124.73 per square foot of living area, including land, respectively. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$345,056 or \$119.98 per square

foot of living area, including land, which falls just above the two best comparable sales in this record on an overall basis and is bracketed by the two best comparables on a per square foot basis. Given the subject's slightly larger dwelling size and garage size, relative to the two best comparables, a higher overall value appears logical. After considering appropriate adjustments to the comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

May 17, 2022



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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