

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Michael Coffield DOCKET NO.: 19-07377.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 13-15-201-004

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Michael Coffield, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago, and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$42,588 **IMPR.:** \$160,596 **TOTAL:** \$203,184

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

#### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2019 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

## Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 3,472 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2001 and is approximately 18 years old. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a 704 square foot garage. The property has a 47,480 square foot site and is located in Lake Barrington, Cuba Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables. The comparables are located from 0.08 to 0.30 of a mile from the subject property and within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story homes of stucco or wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 4,204 to 4,923 square feet of living area. The dwellings are from 18 to 20

years old. Each home has a basement, three of which have finished area, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a garage ranging in size from 722 to 925 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$163,343 to \$178,821 or from \$35.96 to \$41.50 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment to \$132,283 or \$38.10 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$203,184. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$160,596 or \$42.25 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five equity comparables. The comparables are located from 0.07 of a mile to 1.91 miles from the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story homes of brick or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 3,401 to 3,959 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 2000 to 2003. Each home has a basement, three of which have finished area, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 687 to 825 square feet of building area. Comparables #1 and #4 each have an inground swimming pool. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$177,798 to \$210,000 or from \$45.24 to \$61.75 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's improvement assessment.

## **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of nine equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables, which are each much larger homes than the subject dwelling. The Board gives less weight to the board of review's comparables #1 and #4, due to their inground swimming pools which the subject does not feature, and the board of review's comparable #3, which is located almost two miles from the subject property.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the board of review's comparables #2 and #5, which are similar to the subject in dwelling size, age, location, and some features, although both of these comparables have finished basement area unlike the subject. These comparables have improvement assessments of \$177,798 and \$210,000 or \$45.24 and \$61.75 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$160,596 or \$42.25 per

square foot of living area falls below the best comparables in this record, which is logical given the best comparables each have finished basement area which the subject lacks. Based on this record and after considering appropriate adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
Dan De Kinin	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

## **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	April 19, 2022	
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	Clerk of the Property Tay Appeal Roard	

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

## **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

## PARTIES OF RECORD

## **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

## **APPELLANT**

Michael Coffield, by attorney: Robert Rosenfeld Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC 33 North Dearborn Street Suite 1850 Chicago, IL 60602

## **COUNTY**

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085