



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Stanley Razny  
DOCKET NO.: 19-06822.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 14-23-401-007

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Stanley Razny, the appellant, by attorney Andrew J. Rukavina of The Tax Appeal Company in Mundelein; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **no change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$49,971  
**IMPR.:** \$162,212  
**TOTAL:** \$212,183

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2019 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick and wood siding exterior construction with 4,398 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1990. Features of the home include an unfinished walk-out basement, central air conditioning, two fireplaces, an 814 square foot garage and a metal utility shed. The property has a 48,020 square foot site and is located in Long Grove, Ela Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on five comparable sales located from 1,919 to 3,293 feet from the subject property and within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables have sites that range in size from 59,120 to 79,830 square feet of land area and are improved with two-story dwellings of brick exterior construction ranging in size from 3,522 to 4,558 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built in 1988 or 1989. The comparables

each have an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one to three fireplaces and a garage that ranges in size from 690 to 864 square feet of building area. One comparable has an inground swimming pool and two comparables each have a gazebo. The properties sold from January 2017 to March 2019 for prices ranging from \$500,000 to \$537,000 or from \$117.81 to \$157.58 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's assessment be reduced to \$202,877, which would reflect a market value of \$608,692 or \$138.40 per square foot of living area, including land, when using the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$212,183. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$645,129 or \$146.69 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2019 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 32.89% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on three comparable sales located from 3,219 to 3,902 feet from the subject property and within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables have sites that range in size from 72,270 to 83,450 square feet of land area and are improved with two-story dwellings of brick or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 3,918 to 4,043 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built in 1987 or 1988. The comparables each have an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one or three fireplaces and a garage that ranges in size from 744 to 910 square feet of building area. The properties sold from September 2018 to December 2019 for prices ranging from \$592,000 to \$683,472 or from \$146.43 to \$170.14 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of eight suggested comparable sales for the Board's consideration. The Board has given less weight to the appellant's comparables due to differences from the subject in dwelling size and/or the sales occurred in 2017, which are dated and less likely to be indicative of the subject's market value as of the January 1, 2019 assessment date.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be comparables submitted by the board of review, which are similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, design, age and most features. The comparables sold from September 2018 to December 2019 for prices ranging from \$592,000 to \$683,472 or from \$146.43 to \$170.14 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$645,129 or \$146.69 per square foot of living area, including land, which falls within the range established by the best comparable sales in the

record both in terms of overall market value and on a price per square foot basis. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds no reduction in the subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

April 19, 2022



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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