



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Jerry Ginsburg  
DOCKET NO.: 19-06169.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 16-36-403-001

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Jerry Ginsburg, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago, and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$89,501  
**IMPR.:** \$149,544  
**TOTAL:** \$239,045

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2019 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 3,284 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1952 and is 67 years old with an effective age of 1964. Features of the home include a basement with a finished recreation room, central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a 286 square foot attached garage. The property has approximately a 10,900 square foot site and is located in Highland Park, Moraine Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of stone or brick exterior construction that range in size from 2,741 to 3,792 square feet of living area and are 81 to 92 years old. Each comparable has a basement with one having finished area, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces, and an attached or a detached garage ranging in size from 242 to 500 square feet of

building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$107,248 to \$148,153 or from \$38.95 to \$39.22 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$239,045. The subject has an improvement assessment of \$149,544 or \$45.54 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of stone, brick, stone and wood siding, or brick and stucco exterior construction that range in size from 3,242 to 3,704 square feet of living area and were built from 1938 to 1958. Comparables #2 and #3 have effective ages of 1956 and 1963. Each comparable has a basement with three having a finished recreation room, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and an attached garage ranging in size from 456 to 874 square feet of building area. Comparable #2 has an inground swimming pool. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$150,372 to \$215,720 or from \$41.27 to \$58.24 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted eight equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparable #2 which is a considerably older dwelling when compared to the subject. The Board gives less weight to board of review comparable #2 which has an inground swimming pool, not a feature of the subject and to board of review comparable #3 which appears to be an outlier when compared to the improvement assessments of the other comparables in the record. The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the parties' remaining comparables. These five comparables are relatively similar to the subject in location, age, style, dwelling size and some features. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$107,248 to \$152,031 or from \$38.95 to \$46.89 per square foot of living area. The Board finds board of review comparable #4 is most similar to the subject in style, age, dwelling size, and features. The subject's improvement assessment of \$149,544 or \$45.54 per square foot of living area, falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record and well supported by the most similar comparable. Based on this evidence and after considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant failed to prove by clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: March 15, 2022



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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COUNTY

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