

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

| APPELLANT: | Kenneth Rasbid |
|--------------|------------------|
| DOCKET NO.: | 19-05220.001-R-1 |
| PARCEL NO .: | 14-09-303-003 |

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Kenneth Rasbid, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *a reduction* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

| LAND: | \$53,151 |
|--------|-----------|
| IMPR.: | \$162,024 |
| TOTAL: | \$215,175 |

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2019 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 3,575 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1998. Features of the home include a basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 576 square foot garage. The property has a 48,874 square foot site and is located in Hawthorn Woods, Ela Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four comparable sales located from .08 to .86 of a mile from the subject property and within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables have sites that range in size from 40,778 to 44,833 square feet of land area. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of frame, brick or brick and frame exterior construction ranging in size from 3,328 to 3,832 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1988 to 1994. Each comparable has a basement, central air conditioning, one or two

fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 672 to 828 square feet of building area. Comparable #4 has an inground swimming pool. The properties sold from March to November 2018 for prices ranging from \$505,000 to \$640,000 or from \$145.88 to \$178.77 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's assessment be reduced to \$190,648, which would reflect a market value of \$572,001 or \$160.00 per square foot of living area, including land, when using the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$227,353. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$691,253 or \$193.36 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2019 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 32.89% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on three comparable sales located from .05 to .91 of a mile from the subject property and within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables have sites that range in size from 44,125 to 61,645 square feet of land area and are improved with two-story dwellings of brick or brick and frame exterior construction ranging in size from 3,180 to 3,553 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1995 to 2000. The comparables each have a basement, two of which are walk-outs. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a garage that ranges in size from 816 to 1,175 square feet of building area. The properties sold in September 2018 and August 2019 for prices ranging from \$614,500 to \$657,000 or from \$183.65 to \$193.24 per square foot of living area, including land. As part of its submission, the board of review provided a Multiple Listing Service sheet associated with the October 2020 sale of the subject property. The MLS listing disclosed the subject was originally listed on July 14, 2020 for a price of \$6679,900 and subsequently sold on October 5, 2020 for a price of \$665,000. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The record contains a total of seven suggested comparable sales for the Boards consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparable #4 as it has an inground swimming pool, unlike the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the parties' remaining comparables, which are similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, design, age and most features. These properties sold from May 2018 to August 2019 for prices ranging from \$505,000 to \$657,000 or from \$145.88 to \$193.24 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$691,253 or \$193.36 per square foot of living area, including land,

which is above the range established by the best comparable sales in the record both in terms of overall market value and on a price per square foot basis. After considering adjustments to the comparable for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment is excessive. Therefore, based on this record, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:**

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

April 19, 2022

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Kenneth Rasbid, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 13975 W. Polo Trail Drive #201 Lake Forest, IL 60045

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085