

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: David Schopp DOCKET NO.: 19-04471.001-R-2 PARCEL NO.: 12-28-207-021

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are David Schopp, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *no change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$245,948 **IMPR.:** \$653,962 **TOTAL:** \$899,910

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2019 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling with brick exterior construction containing 8,724 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1937. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, six fireplaces, an attached 782 square foot garage and a swimming pool. The property has a 41,380 square foot site and is located in Lake Forest, Shields Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on three comparable sales that are located from .33 of a mile to 1.65 miles from the subject, with comparable #3 being located within the same neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 51,840 to 69,700 square feet of land area that are improved with 1.75-story or 2-story dwellings containing from 7,734 to 8,585 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1926 to 1998. The comparables

have basements, two of which have finished area, central air conditioning, five fireplaces and an attached garage ranging in size from 920 to 1,248 square feet of building area. Comparable #1 also has a detached 594 square foot garage and a swimming pool. The comparables sold from December 2017 to July 2019 for prices ranging from \$2,366,600 to \$3,120,000 or from \$291.49 to \$363.42 per square foot of living area, including land. The appellant's submission included a brief explaining the subject property has two pin's (Property Index Number's), only one of which is being appealed, and noting the differences in features of the appellant's comparables, when compared to the subject. The appellant also submitted Multiple Listing Service (MLS) data for the appellant's comparables #2 and #3.

Based on this evidence the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$899,910. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$2,736,120 or \$313.63 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2019 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 32.89% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on two comparable sales that are located within the same neighborhood code as the subject. The board of review's comparable #2 is the same property as the appellant's comparable #3. The comparables have sites with 55,760 and 59,370 square feet of land area that are improved with a 1.75-story or a 2-story dwelling containing 6,861 and 8,585 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built in 1925 and 1926. The comparables have unfinished basements, central air conditioning and three or five fireplaces. Comparable #1 has a detached 925 square foot garage and comparable #2 has an attached 920 square foot garage. The comparables sold in December 2017 and December 2019 for prices of \$3,120,000 and \$2,200,000 or \$363.42 and \$320.65 per square foot of living area, including land, respectively.

Based on this evidence the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of four comparable sales for the Board's consideration, one of which was submitted by both parties. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1 and #2 due to their differences in age and location, when compared to the subject. The Board finds the parties' remaining comparables, which includes the parties' common comparable, have varying degrees of similarity to the subject. However, the parties' common comparable has a sale date occurring greater than 12 months prior to the January 1, 2019 assessment date at issue and the board of review's comparable #1 is significantly smaller

than the subject. Nevertheless, the best comparables sold for prices of \$3,120,000 and \$2,200,000 or \$363.42 and \$320.65 per square foot of living area, including land, respectively. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$2,736,120 or \$313.63 per square foot of living area, including land, which is supported by the market values of the best comparable sales in the record. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment is appropriate. Based on this evidence the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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	Chairman
C. R.	Robert Stoffen
Member	Member
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Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	May 17, 2022
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

David Schopp, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 13975 W. Polo Trail Drive #201 Lake Forest, IL 60045

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085