



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Ron Kinder
DOCKET NO.: 19-03858.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 16-19-200-008

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Ron Kinder, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago, and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$193,382
IMPR.: \$132,589
TOTAL: \$325,971

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2019 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 4,105 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1968 or is approximately 51 years old. Features of the home include a basement with a recreation room, central air conditioning, a fireplace, a 946 square foot attached garage, a 912 square foot detached garage and a 1,326 square foot flat barn. The property has a 3.64 acre or 158,560 square foot site and is located in Bannockburn, West Deerfield Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located within the same neighborhood code and within .97 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are described as 1.75-story or 2-story dwellings of brick exterior construction ranging in size from 3,246 to 4,869 square feet of living area. The dwellings range

in age from 41 to 89 years old. The comparables have basements with two having finished area. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 441 to 736 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$81,238 to \$148,537 or from \$25.03 to \$30.51 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$325,971. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$132,589 or \$32.30 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located within the same neighborhood code and within .72 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are described as 1.5-story or 2-story dwellings of brick, wood siding, or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 3,659 to 3,986 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1968 to 1974. The comparables have basements, one of which has a recreation room. Other features of each comparable include central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 700 to 1,382 square feet of building area. One comparable has a flat barn and an asphalt tennis court. One comparable has an inground swimming pool and a flat barn. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$119,456 to \$137,374 or from \$32.57 to \$35.01 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and no reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted nine equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to appellant's comparables due to differences in age and/or dwelling size when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the board of review comparables which overall are more similar to the subject in age and dwelling size and have features with varying degrees of similarity to the subject. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$119,456 to \$137,374 or from \$32.57 to \$35.01 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$132,589 or \$32.30 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in the record. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not prove by clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement assessment was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman



Member



Member



Member

Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: November 16, 2021



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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