

## FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

| APPELLANT:   | Diana Oriel      |
|--------------|------------------|
| DOCKET NO.:  | 19-03700.001-R-1 |
| PARCEL NO .: | 16-32-317-043    |

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Diana Oriel, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>*no change*</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

| LAND:  | \$54,934  |
|--------|-----------|
| IMPR.: | \$162,003 |
| TOTAL: | \$216,937 |

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2019 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 3,242 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1987 and is approximately 32 years old. Features of the home include a partial unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace and an attached garage with 484 square feet of building area. The property has approximately 10,800 square foot site and is located in Deerfield, West Deerfield Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four suggested equity comparables located from 0.05 to 0.42 of a mile from the subject and within the assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of wood siding or brick exterior construction that range in size from 2,880 to 3,710 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 33 to 36 years old. The comparables have either a full or partial basements with one having a finish area. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and an attached garage ranging in size from 440 or 696 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$132,627 to \$178,714 or from \$44.02 to

\$48.17 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$148,159 or \$45.70 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$216,937. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$162,003 or \$49.97 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted the subject's property record card and a grid analysis of five suggested equity comparables located from 0.02 to 0.019 of a mile from the subject and within the same assessment neighborhood as the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of brick, wood siding or brick and wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 3,208 to 3,396 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 32 to 36 years old. The comparables have either a full or partial basement with two comparables having finished area. Each comparable has central air conditioning, a fireplace and an attached ranging in size from 462 to 506 square feet of building area. Comparable #2 has a wood framed greenhouse. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$168,440 to \$198,582 or from \$49.60 to \$59.87 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

## Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted nine suggested comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparable #1, along with the board of review comparables #3 and #5, for their finished basement areas when compared to the subject. The Board also gave less weight to the board of review comparable #2 based on the additional green house that the subject lacks.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity are the appellants comparables #2, #3, and #4 along with the board of review comparables #1 and #3 as these comparables are similar when compared to the subject in age, dwelling size, and some features. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$132,627 to \$178,714 or from \$44.06 to \$50.98 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$162,003 or \$49.97 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in the record. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:** 

## CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

April 19, 2022

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

## **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

# PARTIES OF RECORD

## AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

## APPELLANT

Diana Oriel, by attorney: Robert Rosenfeld Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC 33 North Dearborn Street Suite 1850 Chicago, IL 60602

## COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085