



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Brenda Tribble
DOCKET NO.: 18-51333.001-R-1 through 18-51333.002-R-1
PARCEL NO.: See Below

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Brenda Tribble, the appellant(s), by attorney David C. Dunkin, of Rock Fusco & Connelly, LLC in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **A Reduction** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

DOCKET NO	PARCEL NUMBER	LAND	IMPRVMT	TOTAL
18-51333.001-R-1	20-24-425-008-1021	1,241	898	\$2,139
18-51333.002-R-1	20-24-425-008-1037	122	89	\$211

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2018 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a condominium unit and a parking space unit within an 87-year-old, multi-story, masonry, 30-residential unit and 18-parking unit, condominium building located in Chicago, Hyde Park Township, Cook County and is classified as a class 2-99 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant included sales information on four units located within the subject's building that sold from 2014 to 2018 for a total of \$88,000. The appellant adjusted this price by \$1,000 per unit for personal property to arrive at an adjusted total price of \$84,000. This value was divided by the percentage of ownership of the units sold of 13.50% to arrive at a value for the building of \$622,222. The assessed value for this market value was then multiplied by the percentage of

ownership of the subject of 3.490% to arrive at an assessment for the subject of \$2,172. The petition discloses the subject is an owner-occupied residence.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the subject's assessment of \$8,465. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$84,650 when using the level of assessment for class 2 property of 10% under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted the sales of one unit located within the subject building that sold in January 2018 for a total value of \$33,000. An 157% adjustment factor was applied for a value of \$51,700 to arrive at an adjusted value of \$84,700. This value was divided by the percentage of ownerships of the unit that sold of 3.08% to arrive at a value for the building of \$2,750,000. This sale was included in the appellant's evidence.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c).

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the all the sales. These units sold for a total of \$88,000. The Board gives no weight to the adjustment factors used by both parties as these factors are not supported with evidence. Dividing the total of the sale prices by the percentage of ownership of the units sold of 13.07% arrives at a value for the building of \$673,298. Multiplying this value by the subject's percentage of ownership of 3.49% reflects a value for the subject of \$23,498. The subject's current assessment reflects a market value of \$84,650 which is above the value as established by the sales. Therefore, the Board finds the appellant did show by a preponderance of the evidence that the subject property was overvalued, and a reduction is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

Member

Member

Member

Member

Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: May 21, 2024

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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APPELLANT

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