



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: 912 Ashland LLC
DOCKET NO.: 18-43679.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 17-06-432-019-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are 912 Ashland LLC, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **A Reduction** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$9,435
IMPR.: \$56,865
TOTAL: \$66,300

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2018 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a three-story multi-family building of masonry exterior construction with 3,345 square feet of building area. The building is approximately 102 years old. Features of the building include an unfinished full basement.¹ The property has a 2,725 square foot site located in Chicago, West Chicago Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-11 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables that are located within the same neighborhood code as the subject property. The

¹ The appellant's property characteristics were provided in the appellant's evidence.

comparables are improved with two-story or three-story class 2-11 multi-family buildings² of masonry exterior construction that range in size from 3,726 to 4,089 square feet of building area and range in age from 115 to 125 years old. Each comparable has a full basement, one of which has finished area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$57,828 to \$64,487 or from \$15.52 to \$15.92 per square foot of building area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested that the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$52,650 or \$15.74 per square foot of building area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$86,681. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$77,246 or \$23.09 per square foot of building area.³ In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables which are located within the same neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story or three-story class 2-11 multi-family buildings of masonry or frame and masonry exterior construction that range in size from 3,420 to 3,692 square feet of building area and range in age from 23 to 135 years old. One comparable has a concrete slab foundation and three comparables each have a full basement, two which have finished area. One comparable has three fireplaces. Three comparables each have a two-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$62,167 to \$93,443 or from \$17.40 to \$27.32 per square foot of building area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted eight suggested comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #2 and #3 as well as the board of review comparables due to their larger building size, dissimilar two-story designs, garages and/or lack of a basement when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables which are similar to the subject in design, age, dwelling size and features. These comparables have improvement assessments of \$57,828 and \$60,178 or \$15.52 and \$15.92 per square foot of building area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$77,246 or \$23.09 per square foot of

² The appellant's photographic evidence disclosed the comparables are of two-story and three-story designs.

³ The Board of Review Notes on appeal also indicated that the subject's total assessment has been increased to \$114,326 after board of review action; however this is not supported by the Cook County Board of review decision dated May 3, 2019 which indicated a final total assessment of \$86,681.

building area falls above the range established by the best comparables in the record and is excessive. After considering adjustments to the two best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant demonstrated with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment based on inequity and commensurate with the appellant's request is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman



Member



Member



Member

Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: July 19, 2022



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

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