

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Corey Benjamin

DOCKET NO.: 18-28661.001-R-1 through 18-28661.002-R-1

PARCEL NO.: See Below

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Corey Benjamin, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

DOCKET NO	PARCEL NUMBER	LAND	IMPRVMT	TOTAL
18-28661.001-R-1	14-18-128-040-0000	7,632	63,252	\$70,884
18-28661.002-R-1	14-18-128-043-0000	2,736	320	\$3,056

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2018 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story townhome of masonry exterior construction with 1,891 square feet of living area. The townhome is approximately 19 years old. Features of the home include a full finished basement, central air conditioning, two fireplaces, and a detached one-car garage. The property consists of two parcels with a combined 2,160 square foot site and is located in Chicago, Lake View Township, Cook County. The property is a class 2-95 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal concerning the improvements. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables that are located within the same neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables are improved with class 2-95 townhomes of masonry exterior construction with 1,260 or 1,284 square feet of living area. The townhomes are 27 or 54 years old. Three

comparables each have a full finished basement, and one comparable has a concrete slab foundation. Three comparables each have central air conditioning, and one comparable has one fireplace and a one-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$31,574 to \$37,091 or from \$25.06 to \$28.89 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's combined improvement assessment to \$51,170 or \$27.06 per square foot of living area.

The appellant submitted a copy of the final decision of the Cook County Board of Review dated March 1, 2019 for the 2018 assessment year concerning the two parcels which depicts total assessments of \$70,884 for Parcel #1 and \$3,056 for Parcel #2. The subject's two parcels have a combined total assessment of \$73,940, and a total improvement assessment of \$63,572 or \$33.62 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal providing assessment information for only Parcel #1. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that are located within the same neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with class 2-95, two-story townhomes of masonry exterior construction with 1,680 or 1,700 square feet of living area. The townhomes are each 13 years old, and a have partial or a full finished basements, central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a two-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$60,444 to \$63,753 or from \$37.01 to \$37.50 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment for Parcel #1.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted eight suggested comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables due to their older ages, larger dwelling sizes, and/or lack of a basement when compared to the subject, which has a full finished basement.

These comparables are similar to the subject in age, dwelling size, and/or other features. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$60,444 to \$63,753 or from \$37.01 to \$37.50 per square foot of living area. The subject's combined total improvement assessment of \$63,572 or \$33.62 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record on an overall basis and below the range on a per-square-foot basis. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and

convincing evidence that the subject's improvements were inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessments are not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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DISSENTING:	
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CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	December 21, 2021		
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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