

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Jerome & Patricia Zwierzycki

DOCKET NO.: 18-24441.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 04-24-200-030-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Jerome & Patricia Zwierzycki, the appellants, by attorney Kevin Fanning, of Fanning Law, LLC in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$19,570 **IMPR.:** \$28,286 **TOTAL:** \$47,856

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellants timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2018 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a multi-level dwelling of frame and masonry exterior construction with 1,659 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 61 years old. Features of the home include a partial basement with finished area, one fireplace and a two-car garage. The property has an 18,205 square foot site located in Northfield, Northfield Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-34 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellants contend assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellants submitted information on four equity comparables that are located within different neighborhood codes than the subject property. The comparables are improved with class 2-34 multi-level dwellings of frame, masonry or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 1,167 to 2,304 square feet of living area. The

dwellings range in age from 40 to 57 years old and have partial basements with finished area. Two comparables each have central air conditioning and one fireplace. Each comparable has from a one-car to a three-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$7,915 to \$15,854 or from \$5.13 to \$7.37 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellants requested that the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$10,833 or \$6.53 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$47,856. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$28,286 or \$17.05 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that are located within the same neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables are improved with class 2-34 multi-level dwellings of frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 1,300 to 1,907 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 55 to 60 years old and have partial basements with finished area. Two comparables each have central air conditioning, three comparables each have one fireplace and each comparable has a two-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$25,553 to \$37,557 or from \$17.55 to \$23.32 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayers contend assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellants did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted eight suggested comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables due to their dissimilar locations when compared to the subject. The Board gives less weight to the board of review comparable #2 due to its smaller dwelling size when compared to the subject.

The board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the board of review comparables #1, #3 and #4 as they are similar to the subject in location, age, dwelling size and some features. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$25,553 to \$37,557 or from \$17.55 to \$19.95 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$28,286 or \$17.05 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record on an overall basis but below on a per square foot basis. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
Dan De Kini	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	December 21, 2021
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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