



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Pardeep Bhanot
DOCKET NO.: 18-24392.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 01-11-302-012-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Pardeep Bhanot, the appellant, by attorney Noah J. Schmidt, of Schmidt Salzman & Moran, Ltd. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **A Reduction** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$16,335
IMPR.: \$55,584
TOTAL: \$71,919

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2018 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of stucco exterior construction with 4,632 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 21 years old. Features of the property include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, two fireplaces and a 4-car garage. The property has a 217,800 square foot site and is located in Barrington Hills, Barrington Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-08 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends improvement assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of the improvement assessment inequity argument, the appellant submitted information on five equity comparables that are located within the same neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story class 2-08 dwellings of frame or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 4,358 to 4,996 square feet of living area. The

dwellings range in age from 16 to 47 years old and have full basements, one of which has finished area. Four comparables have central air conditioning, each comparable has either one or two fireplaces and four comparables have a 3-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$49,892 to \$60,722 or from \$11.08 to \$12.53 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested that the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$53,911 or \$11.64 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$94,050. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$77,715 or \$16.78 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that are located within the same neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables are improved one, 1.5-story class 2-04; two, 2-story class 2-08; and one, 2-story class 2-09 dwellings of frame, masonry or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 3,830 to 7,602 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 22 to 52 years old and have full or partial basements, three of which have finished area. Each comparable has central air conditioning, from one to six fireplaces and from a 2-car to a 3.5-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$66,331 to \$132,275 or from \$16.98 to \$20.36 per square foot of living area. Based on the foregoing evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted a total of nine comparable properties for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #2, #4 and #5 due to their lack of a garage, older ages and/or finished basement area when compared to the subject. The Board gives less weight to the board of review comparables due to their older ages, dissimilar design and/or dissimilar dwelling sizes when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables #1 and #2 as they are similar to the subject in age, dwelling size and/or some features. These comparables have improvement assessments of \$54,796 and \$55,338 or \$11.64 and \$11.08 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$77,715 or \$16.78 per square foot of living area falls above the assessments of the two best comparables in this record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the two best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant demonstrated with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member

Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: December 21, 2021



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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