



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Robert Dexter  
DOCKET NO.: 18-24271.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 04-04-302-009-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Robert Dexter, the appellant, by attorney Ciarra Schmidt, of Schmidt Salzman & Moran, Ltd. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$16,308  
**IMPR.:** \$91,723  
**TOTAL:** \$108,031

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2018 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 4,958 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 11 years old. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, two fireplaces, and a 3-car garage. The property has a 19,768 square foot site located in Northbrook, Northfield Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-08 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted two grid sheets with information on five equity comparables, three of which are located within the same neighborhood code as the subject property.<sup>1</sup> The comparables are improved with class 2-08 two-story dwellings of frame,

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<sup>1</sup> The second grid sheet with only one comparable will be renumbered from Comp #1 to Comp #5.

masonry, or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 4,840 to 4,924 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 13 to 33 years old and have partial or full basements with two comparables having finished area. Each comparable has central air conditioning, either one, two or four fireplaces, and from a 2-car to a 3.5-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$60,625 to \$86,829 or from \$12.31 to \$17.63 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested that the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$87,409 or \$17.63 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$108,031. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$91,723 or \$18.50 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that are located within the same neighborhood code as the subject property. Three comparables are also located within the same block as the subject property. The comparables are improved with class 2-08 or 2-09 two-story dwellings of masonry or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 4,519 to 5,680 per square feet of living area. The dwellings are either 9 or 16 years old and have full basements with three comparables having finished area. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces, and a 3-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$86,021 to \$107,920 or from \$18.57 to \$19.71 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted nine suggested comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1, #2, and #5 and board of review comparables #1 and #3 due to their dwellings' older ages or finished basements when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the parties' remaining comparables. These comparables are similar to the subject in age, dwelling size, foundation and some features. These three comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$85,576 to \$96,935 or from \$17.63 to \$18.57 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$91,723 or \$18.50 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment based on inequity is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: January 18, 2022



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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