

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

| APPELLANT: | June Shay |
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| DOCKET NO.: | 18-01317.001-R-1 |
| PARCEL NO .: | 15-20-101-009 |

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are June Shay, the appellant, by attorney Gregory Riggs, of Tax Appeals Lake County in Lake Zurich; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>No Change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Lake County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

| LAND: | \$50,621 |
|--------|-----------|
| IMPR.: | \$152,905 |
| TOTAL: | \$203,526 |

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2018 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 3,137 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1984. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and an 861 square foot garage. The property has a site with 47,480 square feet of land area and is located in Long Grove, Vernon Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on three comparable sales located within .26 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables have land sizes of 44,867 or 45,302 square feet of land area. Each property is improved with a 1.5-story or a 2-story dwelling of brick or wood siding exterior construction built from 1984 to 1988. The homes range in size from 3,116 to 3,513 square feet of living area. Features of each property include a basement with one having finished area,

central air conditioning, one to three fireplaces and an attached garage ranging in size from 704 to 859 square feet of building area. Comparable #2 has a 608 square foot inground swimming pool. The sales occurred from April to November 2017 for prices ranging from \$487,000 to \$565,000 or from \$156.04 to \$170.73 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$203,526. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$615,254 or \$196.13 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2018 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.08% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

The board of review noted the subject property was the subject matter of an appeal before the Property Tax Appeal Board for the 2015 tax year in Docket No. 15-01536.001-R-1 in which the subject's assessment was reduced to \$178,007. The board of review indicated that 2015 was the first year of the general assessment cycle in Vernon Township, where the subject property is located. It further explained that the equalization factor for Vernon Township for 2016 was 1.0693, for 2017 was 1.0443 and for 2018 was 1.0239. Pursuant to section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185), if the equalizations factors for 2016, 2017 and 2018 were applied to the 2015 assessment as determined by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the resulting assessment for the 2018 tax year would be \$203,526, which is equal to the subject's total assessment of \$203,526.

In further support of the subject's assessment the board of review submitted a grid analysis and property record cards on four comparable sales located within .51 of a mile from the subject property. Board of review comparable #2 and the appellant's comparable #2 are the same property. The comparables are described as 2-story dwellings of wood siding exterior construction that range in size from 2,569 to 3,116 square feet of living area. The homes were constructed from 1985 to 1998. The comparables have basements, with two having finished area. Other features of the comparables include central air conditioning, a fireplace and a garage ranging in size from 462 to 866 square feet of building area. Comparables #1 and #2 have inground swimming pools with 861 and 608 square feet, respectively. These properties have sites ranging in size from 45,302 to 47,045 square feet of land area. The sales occurred from August 2016 to August 2018 for prices ranging from \$522,500 to \$600,000 or from \$170.73 to \$216.55 per square foot of living area, land included.

Based on this evidence the board of review requested the assessment be sustained.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds, pursuant to section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185), a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel on which a residence occupied by the owner is situated, such reduced assessment, subject to equalization, shall remain in effect for the remainder of the general assessment period as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, unless that parcel is subsequently sold in an arm's length transaction establishing a fair cash value for the parcel that is different from the fair cash value on which the Board's assessment is based, or unless the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board is reversed or modified upon review.

35 ILCS 200/16-185. The Board finds that the subject property was the subject matter of an appeal before the Property Tax Appeal Board for the 2015 tax year under Docket No. 15-01536.001-R-1 in which a decision was issued reducing the subject's assessment to \$178,007. The record further disclosed the subject property is an owner-occupied dwelling. The Board also finds that the 2015 and 2018 tax years are in the same general assessment period and equalization factors of 1.0693, 1.0443 and 1.0239 were applied in Vernon Township in 2016, 2017 and 2018, respectively. Furthermore, the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board for the 2015 tax year was not reversed or modified upon review and there was no evidence the property sold establishing a different fair cash value. Therefore, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds if the assessment as established by decision for the 2015 tax year is carried forward through the 2018 tax year subject only to the equalization factors applied in 2016, 2017 and 2018, pursuant to the dictates of Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code, the subject's assessment would be \$203,526 which is equal to the board of review's final decision. The board of review requested the subject's assessment of \$203,526 be sustained, which appears appropriate when considering section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code. As a final point, the parties submitted seven comparable sales with unit prices ranging \$156.04 to \$216.55 per square foot of living area, including land. The Board finds the subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$196.13 per square foot of living area, including land, which is within the range established by the comparable sales on a square foot basis.

For these reasons the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



<u>CERTIFICATION</u>

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

December 15, 2020

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

June Shay, by attorney: Gregory Riggs Tax Appeals Lake County 830 West IL Route 22 Suite 286 Lake Zurich, IL 60047

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085