

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Advanced Disposal DOCKET NO.: 18-00722.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 04-08-102-002

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Advanced Disposal, the appellant, by attorney Steven Kandelman of Rieff Schramm Kanter & Guttman in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$14,550 **IMPR.:** \$63,356 **TOTAL:** \$77,906

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2018 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a two-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction containing 2,076 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1993. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, one fireplace and an attached garage with 624 square feet of building area. The property is also improved with a barn constructed in 1940 with 660 square feet of building area. The property has a 42,688 square foot site and is located in Zion, Benton Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on three comparable sales improved with two-story dwellings with wood siding exteriors that range in size from 1,996 to 3,048 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1986 to 1992. Each comparable has an unfinished basement, two comparables have central air conditioning, each property has one fireplace, and each comparable

has an attached garage ranging in size from 484 to 1,312 square feet of building area. Comparable #3 also has a detached garage with 624 square feet of building area. These properties have sites ranging in size from 40,075 to 47,480 square feet of land area and are located within .24 miles of the subject property. The sales occurred from July 2016 to April 2017 for prices ranging from \$185,000 to \$205,000 or from \$60.70 to \$102.71 per square foot of living area, land included. The appellant requested the subject's assessment be reduced to \$54,988.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$77,906. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$235,508 or \$113.44 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2018 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.08% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales improved with two-story dwellings with wood siding exteriors ranging in size from 1,780 to 2,074 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 1986 to 2007. Each comparable has an unfinished basement, three comparables have central air conditioning, each property has one fireplace, and each has an attached garage ranging in size from 400 to 704 square feet of building area. Comparables #1, #2 and #3 also have detached garages ranging in size from 480 to 832 square feet of building area. Comparable #4 has a 392 square foot inground swimming pool. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 40,075 to 42,253 square feet of land area and are located within approximately .36 miles from the subject property. The sales occurred from July 2016 to April 2018 for prices ranging from \$205,000 to \$250,000 or from \$102.71 to \$125.28 per square foot of living area, including land. Board of review comparable #1 is the same property as appellant's comparable sale #3.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains six sales submitted by the parties to support their respective positions. The Board gives less weight to appellant's comparables #1 and #2 due to their differences in dwelling sizes in relation to the subject dwelling. The four remaining comparables, which includes the common property submitted by the parties, are relatively similar to the subject property in location, style, size, age, construction and features with the exception that three have central air conditioning and one has an inground swimming pool while the subject has neither of these amenities, suggesting downward adjustments to the comparable would be necessary to make them more equivalent to the subject property. These four comparables sold for prices ranging from \$205,000 to \$250,000 or from \$102.71 to \$125.28 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$235,508 or \$113.44 per square foot of living area, including land, which is within the range established by the best comparable sales in

this record. Based on this evidence the Board finds the assessment of the subject property as established by the board of review is correct and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

| 2 | 1. Fer |
|-------------|----------------|
| | Chairman |
| C. R. | Robert Stoffen |
| Member | Member |
| Dan Dikini | Sarah Schler |
| Member | Member |
| DISSENTING: | |

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

| Date: | December 15, 2020 |
|-------|-------------------|
| | Midd 214 |
| | |

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Advanced Disposal, by attorney: Steven Kandelman Rieff Schramm Kanter & Guttman 100 North LaSalle Street Suite 2300 Chicago, IL 60602

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085