

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: George Tsourdinis
DOCKET NO.: 17-36179.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 27-11-210-003-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are George Tsourdinis, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld and Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$6,136 **IMPR.:** \$38,744 **TOTAL:** \$44,880

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

#### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2017 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

#### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 3,369 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 16 years old. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace and a 3-car garage. The property has a 10,228 square foot site and is located in Orland Park, Orland Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-78 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on three equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables are improved with class 2-78 dwellings of masonry exterior construction that range in size from 3,579 to 3,743 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 27 to 30

years old. Each comparable has a basement, one with finished area, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a 3-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$33,893 to \$35,736 or from \$9.21 to \$9.63 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$31,803 or \$9.44 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$44,880. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$38,744 or \$11.50 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables are improved with one-story class 2-04 dwellings of masonry exterior construction that range in size from 2,576 to 3,274 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 16 to 25 years old. Each comparable has an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a 3-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$34,094 to \$40,334 or from \$12.27 to \$13.24 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

## **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted seven equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board finds neither parties' comparables are particularly similar to the subject as the appellant's comparables are somewhat older in age while the board of review comparables differ from the subject in design/classification. Nevertheless, the Board shall decide, based on the weight and equity of the evidence, regardless of the quality of the evidence. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparable #3 which differs from the subject in age and finished basement. The Board also gave reduced weight to the board of review's comparables as they differ from the subject in design.

On this limited record, the Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the remaining two comparables which are relatively similar to the subject in location, design, dwelling size and features but where each are older in age when compared to the subject. These comparables had improvement assessments of \$34,469 and \$33,893 or for \$9.21 and \$9.47 per square foot of living area, respectively. The subject's improvement assessment of \$38,744 or \$11.50 per square foot of living area is above the two best comparables in this record on both an overall and per square foot basis. The subject's newer age and smaller dwelling size, relative to the two best comparables, suggest that its higher assessment, on an overall and per square foot basis, is justified. After considering adjustments to the comparables for differences from the

subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
DISSENTING:	
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# **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	August 24, 2021
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

# PARTIES OF RECORD

## **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

## **APPELLANT**

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# **COUNTY**

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